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The WOOL SITUATION

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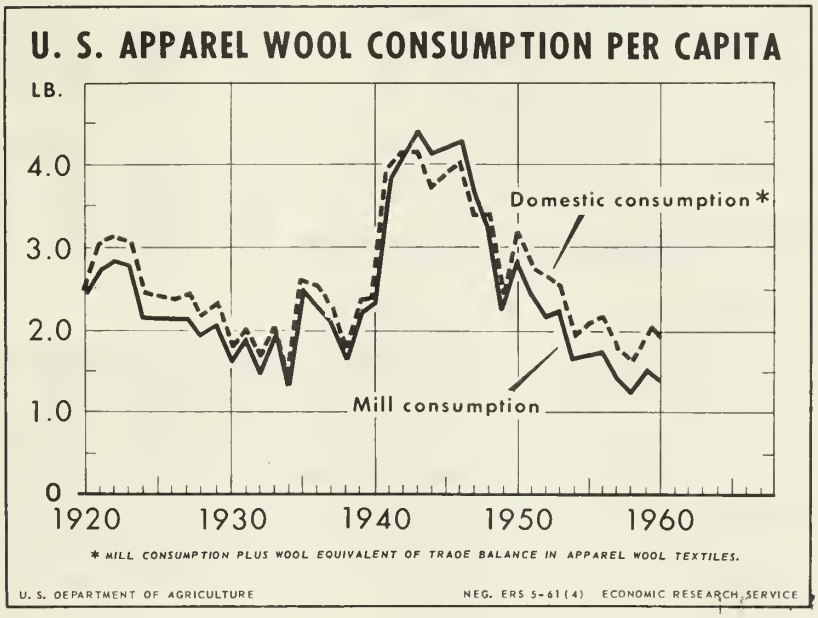

Per capita domestic consumption of apparel wool in 1960 was 1.91 pounds, 5 percent less than in 1959 but approximately the same as the 1955-59 average. The import balance of foreign trade in apparel wool products in 1960 accounted for 0.55 of a pound or 29 percent of the domestic per person use of apparel wool. Mill consumption of apparel wool per capita in 1960 totaled 1.36 pounds, 8 percent less than in 1959 and 10 percent less than the 1955-59 average.

Domestic use of carpet wool per person in 1960 was 1.05 pounds, 4 percent less than in 1959. Per capita mill consumption of carpet wool was 0.89 of a pound, 6 percent less than in 1959. (See figure 1 on page 6.)

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Growth Through Agricultural Progress

Wool Situation at a Glance

Item	Unit	1960			1961		
		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Average price received by farmers, grease basis	Cents per pound	43.0	42.6	44.3	39.3	39.9	40.2
Parity price 1/	do.	74.2	74.2	74.4	74.9	75.2	75.2
Farm price as a percentage of parity	Percent	58	57	60	52	53	53
Domestic prices, Boston, clean basis 2/							
Graded territory							
Fine, good French combing and staple	Cents per pound	127.5	123.0	122.5	112.5	112.5	112.5
1/2 blood, good French combing and staple	do.	123.0	118.5	118.0	107.5	107.5	107.5
Graded fleece							
3/8 blood, good French combing and staple	do.	112.5	108.0	107.5	102.5	98.8	97.5
1/4 blood, good French combing and staple	do.	109.5	103.5	102.5	101.9	94.4	92.5
Original bag Texas, fine 12 months							
good French combing and staple	do.	132.5	128.0	127.5	117.5	117.5	117.5
Imported prices, Boston, clean, excluding duty 2/							
Australian, 64's, 70's, good topmaking	do.	117.5	117.5	117.5	107.5	107.5	107.5
Australian, 64's combing	do.	112.5	112.5	112.5	102.5	102.5	102.5
Montevideo, 0's (58's, 60's)	do.	98.5	98.5	98.5	82.5	82.5	82.5
Montevideo, 2's (50's)	do.	92.5	92.5	92.5	80.5	80.5	80.5
Buenos Aires, 5's (40's)	do.	81.0	81.0	81.4	77.5	77.5	77.5
BLS Wholesale price index 3/							
All commodities	1947-49=100	119.3	119.3	120.0	119.8	120.0	120.0
Textile products and apparel	do.	96.6	96.5	96.3	95.0	94.8	94.7
Wool products	do.	104.0	103.2	102.8	100.0	99.8	99.3
Wool broadwoven fabrics	do.	105.6	105.7	105.7	103.8	103.8	103.1
Personal income payments (adjusted) 4/	Billion dollars	395.7	395.7	397.0	406.6	406.2	409.6
Retail store sales (apparel group adjusted) 4/	Million dollars	1,177	1,133	1,149	1,144	1,130	1,164
Mill consumption, scoured basis 5/							
Average weekly rate (unadjusted) 6/							
Apparel wool	1,000 pounds	5,138	5,097	4,633	4,216	4,477	4,519
Carpet wool	do.	4,114	3,761	3,241	3,023	2,864	2,391
Average weekly rate (seasonally adjusted) 6/							
Apparel wool	do.	5,164	4,944	4,633	4,233	4,351	4,523
Carpet wool	do.	3,425	3,163	2,941	2,505	2,409	2,170
Monthly aggregates 6/							
Apparel wool	Million dollars	20.6	20.4	23.2	16.9	17.9	22.6
Carpet wool	do.	16.5	15.0	16.2	12.1	11.5	12.0
Accumulated since January 1							
Apparel wool	do.	20.6	40.9	61.1	16.9	34.8	57.4
Carpet wool	do.	16.5	31.5	47.7	12.1	23.5	35.5
Total apparel and carpet	do.	37.1	72.4	108.8	29.0	58.3	92.9
Imports for consumption, clean content							
Monthly aggregates							
Dutiable wools	1,000 pounds	8,379	8,295	9,180	7,262	6,147	9,879
Duty-free wools	do.	12,426	13,040	18,090	13,902	12,539	14,091
Accumulated since January 1							
Dutiable wools	Million pounds	8.4	16.7	25.9	7.3	13.4	23.3
Duty-free wools	do.	12.4	25.5	43.6	13.9	26.4	40.5
Total dutiable and duty-free	do.	20.8	42.2	69.5	21.2	39.8	63.8
Manmade staple and tow prices							
Acrilan 3 and 5 denier 7/	Cents per pound	118.0	118.0	118.0	122.0	122.0	122.0
Dacron, 3 denier, type 54 7/	do.	136.0	136.0	136.0	136.0	136.0	136.0
Orlon, 3 denier, 7/	do.	128.0	128.0	128.0	130.0	130.0	130.0
Viscose, 1 1/2 denier 8/	do.	33.0	33.0	33.0	28.0	28.0	28.0

1/ Effective parity prices as computed currently using base prices in effect and indexes for months indicated. These are the legally applicable parity prices for the following months. 2/ From Weekly Review of the Boston Wool Market. 3/ United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. 4/ United States Department of Commerce (seasonally adjusted annual rates). 5/ On woolen and worsted systems; excludes wool consumed on the cotton and other spinning systems and in the manufacture of processed felt, hat bodies, and other miscellaneous products. 6/ 4 or 5 weeks generally totaling 13 weeks per quarter. 7/ From Modern Textile Magazine. 8/ From Textile Organon.

THE WOOL SITUATION

Approved by the Outlook and Situation Board, May 17, 1961

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SUMMARY

World wool prices are expected to remain at about current levels for the rest of 1961. World production and consumption are approximately in balance and world stocks of raw wool and wool products are relatively low. Some increase in demand for wool is expected the latter half of 1961. In mid-May, world prices for fine and medium wools were the highest of the season, 8 to 16 percent above the August-September opening level, and 2 to 6 percent above a year earlier.

The average price received by U. S. growers for shorn wool is expected to increase moderately the next 2 to 3 months because of increased mill activity. The mid-summer peak in prices will probably not be as high as the 45 cent peak of last year. However, prices received will probably not decline during the fall of 1961 as low as the 39 cent level of last fall because the anticipated increase in mill activity in the last half of 1961 will tend to stabilize prices. In April 1961, the average price was 41.1 cents per pound, grease basis, compared with 44.5 cents in April 1960.

Commercial stocks of raw wool on January 1, 1961, as reported by the Bureau of the Census, totaled 132.0 million pounds, scoured basis, compared with 151.4 million pounds on the same date a year earlier. Apparel wool stocks totaled 91.3 million pounds, 9 percent less than a year earlier, while carpet wool stocks amounted to 40.7 million pounds, 20 percent less than on January 1, 1960.

U. S. mill consumption of apparel wool during January-March 1961 was 57.4 million pounds, scoured basis, 11 percent less than the first 3 months of 1960. The seasonally adjusted average weekly rate of apparel wool mill use has been below that of a year earlier each month since February 1960. If apparel wool mill consumption continues at the seasonally adjusted rates of the first 3 months, the 1961 total will be around 225 million pounds. However, the relatively low inventory of finished fabrics, the increasing quantity of unfilled fabric orders, the declining ratio of stocks to unfilled orders, and the expected increase in consumer incomes and expenditures indicate that mill consumption will probably increase more than seasonally during the last half of 1961. Therefore, an apparel wool mill use of about 235 million pounds appears likely in 1961 compared with 244 million pounds in 1960.

Carpet wool mill use during the first 3 months of 1961 was 35.5 million pounds, scoured basis, 26 percent less than during January-March 1960. The seasonally adjusted average weekly rate of mill use has been declining each month since November 1960. If carpet wool mill use continues at the rates of the first 3 months of 1961, the year's total will be about 125 million pounds, 22 percent less than the 160 million pound use in 1960.

Imports and exports of semiprocessed and manufactured wool products during January-February 1961, were at levels generally below 1960 but above those of 1959. The raw wool content of imports totaled 20.0 million pounds, and exports, 0.7 million pounds, leaving an import balance of 19.3 million pounds, or 29 percent less than the same 2-month period of 1960, but 20 percent more than in January-February 1959.

During early 1961, monthly imports of raw wool have been larger than the relatively lower rates in the last half of 1960, but below the level of early 1959. Imports of raw wool during January-March 1961 totaled 63.8 million pounds, clean content. Dutiable imports amounted to 23.3 million pounds, 10 percent less than the same quarter a year earlier. Imports of duty-free wool totaled 40.5 million pounds during January-March 1961, 7 percent less than the first 3 months of 1960.

Total domestic consumption of wool, cotton and manmade fibers per person in 1960 was 36.4 pounds, 6 percent less than 1959 and 1 percent less than the 1955-59 average. For the first time, the raw fiber content of imports of textile products exceeded those of exports. There was an import balance of foreign trade in textile products for wool and cotton and an export balance for manmade fiber products.

Per capita domestic consumption of wool was 2.96 pounds in 1960, 5 percent less than in 1959 but 4 percent more than the 1955-59 average. The import balance of foreign trade in wool products in 1960 amounted to 0.71 of a pound of wool or 24 percent of the per person domestic use of wool. The per capita domestic use of apparel wool in 1960 was 1.91 pounds, 5 percent less than in 1959. The foreign trade import balance of apparel products accounted for 0.55 of a pound or 29 percent of the domestic consumption of apparel wool. Domestic consumption of carpet wool was 1.05 pounds in 1960, 4 percent less than in 1959. The import balance of foreign trade in rugs and carpeting accounted for 0.16 of a pound or 15 percent of the domestic per capita use of carpet wool.

World wool production totaled 5,541 million pounds, grease basis, during the 1960-61 season according to reports compiled by the Commonwealth Economic Committee, 2 percent less than the record high of 5,612 million pounds in 1959-60. On a clean basis, world production amounted to 3,184 million pounds in 1960-61 compared with 3,221 million pounds in 1959-60.

THE DOMESTIC SITUATION

AVERAGE PRICE RECEIVED INCREASING BUT BELOW A YEAR EARLIER

The average price received by growers for shorn wool in the open market is expected to increase moderately during the next 2 to 3 months because of increased mill activity. The mid-summer peak in the price received will probably not be as high as the 45 cents per pound (grease basis) high of last year. However, the average price received will probably not decline during the fall of 1961 as low as in late 1960 because the anticipated increase in mill activity in the latter half of 1961 will tend to stabilize prices.

Prices received by producers for shorn wool have been increasing moderately since January 1961, but are currently below those of a year earlier. In April 1961, the average mid-month price was 41.1 cents per pound (grease basis), up from the 39.3 cents in January, but below the 44.5 cents received in April 1960. The average price received in May 1961 is expected to be around 43 cents, less than the 45.1 cents received in May 1960.

Sales activity has increased in Boston and at the local level in recent weeks as the new clip moved into the marketing channels. In the early weeks of the current marketing season, the fine and half-blood wools of the territory States have moved better than the half-blood and quarter-blood wools of the fleece States. Also the demand for the 8 and 12 month Texas wools has been good at prices equal to or above a year earlier. The increased activity for the fine wools has resulted in a widening of the price differential between the fine and medium wools from that of last year.

JANUARY 1 RAW WOOL STOCKS BELOW A YEAR AGO

Commercial stocks of raw wool on January 1, 1961, as reported by the Bureau of the Census, were substantially below a year ago. Stocks of raw wool decreased from 151.4 million pounds, scoured basis, on January 1, 1960 to 132.0 million pounds on January 1, 1961. This includes stocks held by manufactures, topmakers, dealers, and carpet yarn spinners as well as those held in Customs bonded warehouses.

Apparel wool stocks amounted to 91.3 million pounds, scoured basis, 9 percent less than the 100.7 million pounds of a year earlier. Domestic apparel wool stocks of 61.4 million pounds were about the same as the 61.9 million pounds reported January 1, 1960. Foreign wool apparel stocks decreased from 38.8 million pounds on January 1, 1960 to 29.9 million pounds on January 1, 1961. The raw wool stocks held by manufactures and topmakers decreased, those held by dealers increased. The stock-consumption ratio for apparel wool on January 1, 1961 at 23.3 weeks was more than the 22.1 weeks of a year earlier. (See table 8.)

Stocks of carpet wool on January 1, 1961 totaled 40.7 million pounds, scoured basis, 20 percent less than the 50.7 million pounds a year before. Spinners of rug and carpet yarns held 30.4 million pounds while dealers held 10.3 million pounds. At the October-December 1960 rate of consumption, carpet stocks represented 14.1 weeks mill supply compared with 16.7 weeks on January 1, 1960. (See table 9.)

On January 1, 1961, there was 20.2 million pounds, scoured basis, of foreign wool held in Customs bonded warehouses that had not been cleared for entry into mill use compared with 27.0 million pounds a year earlier. Of this January 1, 1961 total, apparel wool accounted for 10.0 million pounds, carpet wool 10.2 million pounds.

DOMESTIC CONSUMPTION PER CAPITA OF ALL FIBERS DOWN 6 PERCENT

Total domestic consumption 1/ of wool, cotton, and manmade fibers per capita in 1960 was 36.4 pounds, 6 percent less than the 38.5 pounds consumed in 1959 and 1 percent less than the 1955-59 average. In 1960, the import balance of foreign trade in textile products accounted for 0.4 of a pound. This was the first time that the raw fiber content of imports of textile products exceeded those of exports. There was an import balance of foreign trade in textile products for wool and cotton and an export balance of foreign trade in textile products for manmade fibers. (See table 1.)

Per capita domestic consumption of wool was 2.96 pounds in 1960, 5 percent less than a year earlier, but 4 percent more than the 1955-59 average. The import balance of foreign trade in semiprocessed and manufactured wool products in 1960 accounted for 0.71 of a pound of wool per capita or 24 percent of the per person domestic use of wool.

Domestic use of apparel wool per person in 1960 was 1.91 pounds, 5 percent less than 1959 and approximately the same as the 1955-59 average. In 1960, the import balance of foreign trade in apparel wool products accounted for 0.55 of a pound per capita or 29 percent of the domestic use of apparel wool. Per capita domestic consumption of carpet wool in 1960 amounted to 1.05 pounds, 4 percent less than in 1959, but 17 percent more than the 1955-59 average. The import balance of foreign trade in rugs and carpeting accounted for only 0.16 of a pound per person or 15 percent of the domestic per capita use of carpet wool (See figure on cover and figure 1.)

Domestic consumption of cotton per capita in 1960 was 23.56 pounds, 2 percent less than a year earlier and 1 percent less than the 1955-59 average. Data on the raw cotton fiber content of foreign trade in cotton textile products are available dating back to 1920 and show an export balance for all years through 1959. However, in 1960 there was an import balance for the first time. This import balance amounted to

1/ Domestic consumption includes the raw fiber used in mill consumption plus the raw fiber equivalent of imports of semiprocessed and manufactured textile products minus the raw fiber equivalent of exports of semiprocessed and manufactured textile products.

Table 1 .--Per capita domestic consumption of wool, cotton and manmade fibers, 1950 to 1960

Year	Wool			Cotton	Manmade	Total 1/
	Apparel	Carpet	Total			
	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.
1950	3.19	1.37	4.56	29.43	9.50	43.48
1951	2.74	.71	3.45	29.23	9.01	41.69
1952	2.68	.81	3.49	26.53	8.91	38.93
1953	2.54	.91	3.45	26.37	8.97	38.80
1954	1.95	.76	2.71	23.92	8.72	35.36
1955	2.09	.87	2.96	25.45	11.02	39.43
1956	2.19	.94	3.13	25.07	9.77	37.97
1957	1.80	.83	2.62	22.65	9.96	35.23
1958	1.62	.77	2.39	21.42	9.69	33.51
1959	2.02	1.09	3.11	24.12	11.29	38.51
1960 2/	1.91	1.05	2.96	23.56	9.88	36.38

1/ Total consumption divided by population and not a summation of per capita consumption of fibers.
2/ Preliminary.

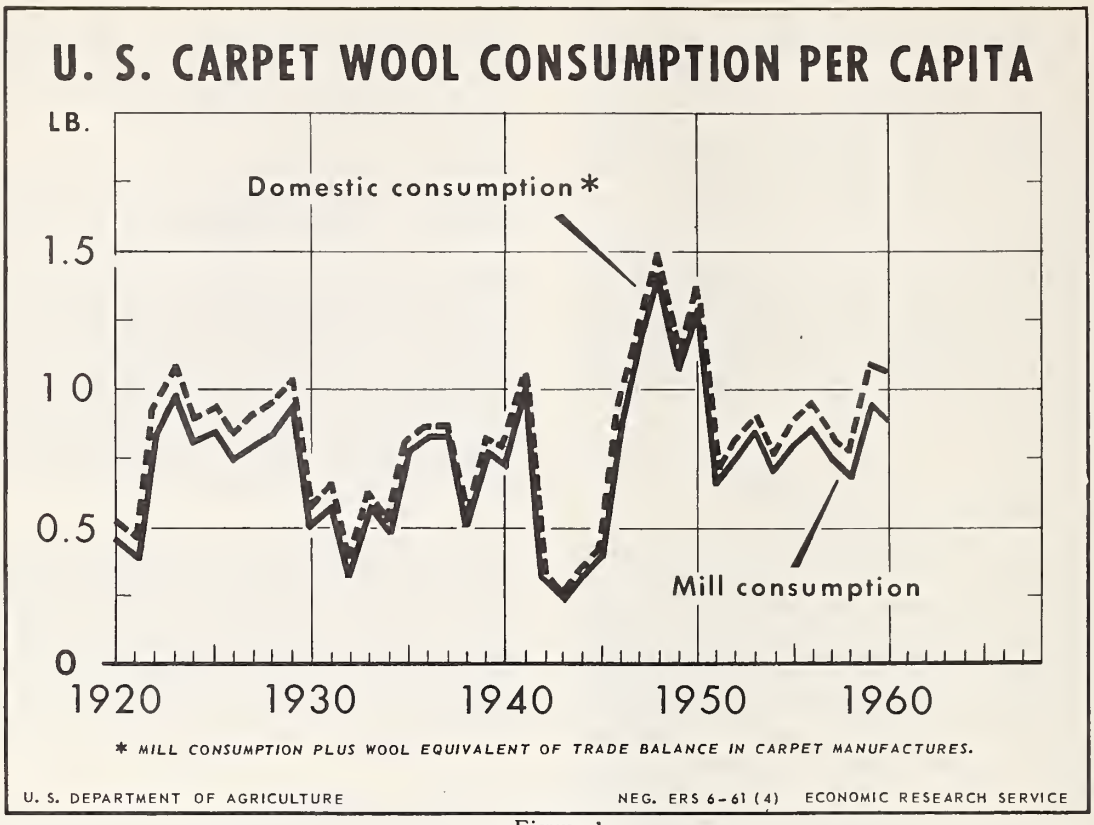

Figure 1

0.23 of a pound per capita and accounted for 1 percent of the domestic use of cotton.

Per capita domestic use of manmade fibers in 1960 totaled 9.88 pounds, 12 percent less than a year earlier and 5 percent less than the 1955-59 average. In 1960, the export balance of foreign trade in manmade textile products amounted to 0.51 of a pound per person resulting in domestic consumption of manmade fibers being 5 percent less than mill consumption.

PER CAPITA MILL USE DOWN 7 PERCENT

U. S. per capita mill consumption of all major fibers in 1960 was 36.0 pounds, 7 percent less than the 38.6 pounds used in 1959 and the second lowest total since 1940. A total of 6.5 billion pounds of wool, cotton, manmade, flax and silk fibers were consumed in mill use in 1960, 5 percent less than a year earlier. Per capita use of wool, cotton, manmade and flax and silk fibers all declined. Only the per person use of the non-cellulosic manmade fibers did not decline. (See table 10.)

Mill consumption of wool per person was 2.25 pounds in 1960, 7 percent less than a year earlier and 3 percent less than the 1955-59 average. Per capita mill use of apparel wool declined 8 percent in 1960, that of carpet wool 6 percent.

Per capita mill use of cotton in 1960 amounted to 23.3 pounds, 5 percent less than 24.5 pounds consumed in 1959 and 5 percent less than the 1955-59 average. Per person mill use of the manmade fibers in 1960 totaled 10.3 pounds, about 10 percent less than in 1959 and 5 percent less than the 1955-59 average. The decline in per capita use of the manmade fibers has been in the rayon and acetate fibers. Per person use of rayon and acetate in 1960 was 18 percent less than in 1959 and 33 percent less than in 1955. Offsetting the decline in use of rayon and acetate has been the increase in mill use of non-cellulosic fibers. Since 1955 the per capita use of non-cellulosic fibers has increased from 2.6 pounds to 4.2 pounds in 1959 and 1960--62 percent.

In 1960, cotton and the non-cellulosic manmade fibers increased their share of the total fibers used in the U. S.. Wool's share remained about the same while that of rayon and acetate declined. Cotton increased its

proportion of the total from 63.4 percent in 1959 to 64.8 percent in 1960. Wool's share of the total was 6.2 percent in 1960 compared with 6.3 a year earlier. Of the manmade fibers, the non-cellulosics increased their portion from 10.8 percent to 11.7, while rayon and acetate's share decreased from 18.3 percent to 16.2.

DOMESTIC CONSUMPTION OF WOOL DOWN

Domestic consumption of wool during January-February 1961 totaled 77.6 million pounds compared with 99.5 million in 1960 and 85.1 million in 1959. During the first 2 months of 1961, mill use accounted for 58.3 million pounds; the raw wool content of imports of wool products, 20.0 million pounds; and the raw wool content of exports of wool products, 0.7 million pounds.

During January-February 1961, domestic use of apparel wool amounted to 50.3 million pounds, 24 percent less than the 62.4 million pounds in 1960 and 4 percent less than the 51.9 million pounds in 1959. Domestic consumption of carpet wool during the first 2 months of 1961 totaled 27.4 million pounds, 26 percent less than the 37.2 million pounds in 1960 and 18 percent less than the 33.2 million pounds in 1959.

MILL CONSUMPTION OF WOOL DECLINED 17 PERCENT

U. S. mill consumption of raw wool during January-March 1961 amounted to 92.9 million pounds, scoured basis, 17 percent less than in the first 3 months of 1960 and 11 percent less than the 1955-59 average for this period. The weekly average rate of consumption for the first 13 weeks of 1961 was 7.1 million pounds compared with 8.6 million pounds in 1960.

Mill consumption of apparel wool during January-March 1961 totaled 57.4 million pounds, scoured basis, 11 percent less than the first 3 months of 1960. The seasonally adjusted average weekly rate of apparel wool mill use has been below that of a year earlier each month since February 1960. The seasonally adjusted rate declined from 5.2 million pounds in January 1960 to 4.2 million pounds in December 1960. Since December the rate has been increasing moderately. In March, the seasonally adjusted rate was 4.5 million pounds, 2 percent below the rate of a year earlier. (See table 11.) If apparel wool mill consumption continues at the seasonally adjusted rates of the first 3 months of 1961, the year's total will be around 225 million pounds. However, the relatively low inventory of finished fabrics, the increasing quantity of unfilled fabric orders, the declining ratio of stocks to unfilled orders, and the expected increase in consumer incomes and expenditures will probably result in mill consumption increasing more than seasonally during the latter part of 1961. Therefore, apparel wool mill use of about 235 million pounds appears likely in 1961 compared with 244 million pounds in 1960.

The worsted system's share of apparel wool consumption during January-March 1961 was 53.4 percent, approximately the same as in 1960, less than the 54.2 percent in 1959, but substantially above the 48.1 percent in 1958. (See table 2.)

Table 2.--Percentage distribution of apparel wool consumption on woolen and worsted systems, January-March 1957-61

Year	Woolen	Worsted	Total
	Percent	Percent	Percent
1957	49.4	50.6	100.0
1958	51.9	48.1	100.0
1959	45.8	54.2	100.0
1960	47.0	53.0	100.0
1961	46.6	53.4	100.0

Derived from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

The finer grades of wool accounted for a larger share of the apparel wools consumed during January-March 1961 than in the previous few years. The share of those wools grading 60's and finer increased from 51 percent in January-March 1960 to 54 percent in 1961 while the portion of those wools grading 50's up to 60's and 48's and coarser decreased. In the spinning of yarns on the woolen system, the greater use of wools grading 60's and finer continued increasing--from 38 percent in 1960 to 42 percent in 1961. On the worsted system, the use of wools grading 60's and finer also increased, those 50's up to 60's remained about the same and those 48's and coarser decreased. (See table 3.)

Mill use of carpet wool during the first 3 months of 1961 amounted to 35.5 million pounds, scoured basis, 26 percent less than during January-March 1960. The seasonally adjusted average weekly rate of carpet wool mill consumption declined from November to February to a level substantially below a year earlier. In March 1961, the seasonally adjusted rate was 2.2 million pounds, compared with 2.4 million in February and 3.2 million and 2.9 million in February and March 1960. (See table 12.) If carpet wool mill use continues at the seasonally adjusted rates of the first 3 months of 1961, the year's total will be around 125 million pounds, 22 percent less than the 160 million used in 1960.

The seasonal adjustment factors for the average weekly rates of mill consumption of apparel and carpet wool

have been recomputed to include data for 1960 and revisions in the 1958 and 1959 data. These seasonal factors are now based on 1946-60 data. The differences between these factors and those previously used are small with the exception of the factors for carpet wool for April and November. (See tables 13 and 14.) In the future the new factors will be used to seasonally adjust the average weekly rates of consumption. See figures 2 and 3 for the seasonally adjusted and unadjusted average weekly rates of consumption and the seasonal factors.

Table 3.--Percentage distribution of apparel wool consumption, by system and grades, January-March 1957-61

Year	60's and finer	50's up to 60's	48's and coarser	Total
	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
	Woolen system			
1957	34.3	52.6	13.1	100.0
1958	34.2	51.7	14.1	100.0
1959	34.5	51.2	14.3	100.0
1960	38.2	48.8	13.0	100.0
1961	42.4	46.1	11.5	100.0
	Worsted system			
1957	69.1	25.9	5.0	100.0
1958	67.4	27.8	4.8	100.0
1959	63.6	31.6	4.8	100.0
1960	62.8	32.2	5.0	100.0
1961	64.0	32.3	3.7	100.0
	Total			
1957	51.9	39.1	9.0	100.0
1958	50.1	40.3	9.6	100.0
1959	50.2	40.6	9.2	100.0
1960	51.2	40.0	8.8	100.0
1961	53.9	38.8	7.3	100.0

Derived from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF WOOL MANUFACTURES

Imports and exports of semi-processed and manufactured wool products during January-February 1961 were at levels generally below 1960, but above those of 1959. The raw wool content of imports totaled 20.0 million pounds, compared with 0.7 million pounds of exports, leaving an import balance of 19.3 million pounds. This import balance of foreign trade was 29 percent less than the same 2-month period of 1960, but 20 percent more than in January-February 1959. (See tables 15 and 16.)

The raw wool equivalent of imports of wool products during January-February 1961 was 28 percent less than the corresponding 2 months of 1960 and 21 percent more than in 1959. A substantial part of this variation is due to imports of woven fabrics. In 1959 and 1960, woven fabric imports entered this country under a tariff quota system in which the ad valorem duty increased after the quota was filled. In 1960, imports of woven fabric were extremely heavy the first 3 months, thus comparisons of import data between 1960 and 1961 may be misleading. Beginning January 1, 1961, the ad valorem duty on woven fabric was changed to a basis which provides for the same ad valorem rate throughout the year. During the first 2 months of 1961, imports of wearing apparel, blankets, and noils were greater than during the first 2 months of 1959 and 1960. During this same period, imports of woven fabrics, rugs and carpeting, yarns, and top were less than in 1960 but greater than in 1959. Only imports of wastes were less in 1961 than in the other 2 years. (See table 15.)

Exports of domestic wool manufactures during January-February 1961 had a raw wool content of 676 thousand pounds, 2 percent less than in 1960 but 35 percent above 1959. Exports of wearing apparel and top were greater than in 1959 and 1960. Yarn, felt, and noil exports were less in 1961 than 1960, but greater than in 1959. Exports of woven fabric and rugs and carpeting in 1961 were less than in 1960 but about the same as in 1959. (See table 16.)

IMPORTS OF RAW WOOL LESS THAN A YEAR AGO

During early 1961, monthly imports of raw wool have been larger than the relatively lower rates of import that occurred in the last half of 1960, but below the level of early 1959. With mill use down during the latter part of 1960, dealers and manufacturers worked down their available supplies although world wool prices were also relatively lower.

Imports of raw wool during January-March 1961 totaled 63.8 million pounds, clean content, 8 percent less than the corresponding period a year earlier. Both dutiable and duty-free wool imports were down.

Dutiable wool imports amounted to 23.3 million pounds, clean content, during the first quarter of 1961, 10 percent less than the same quarter a year ago. In March 1961, imports of dutiable wool totaled 9.9 mil-

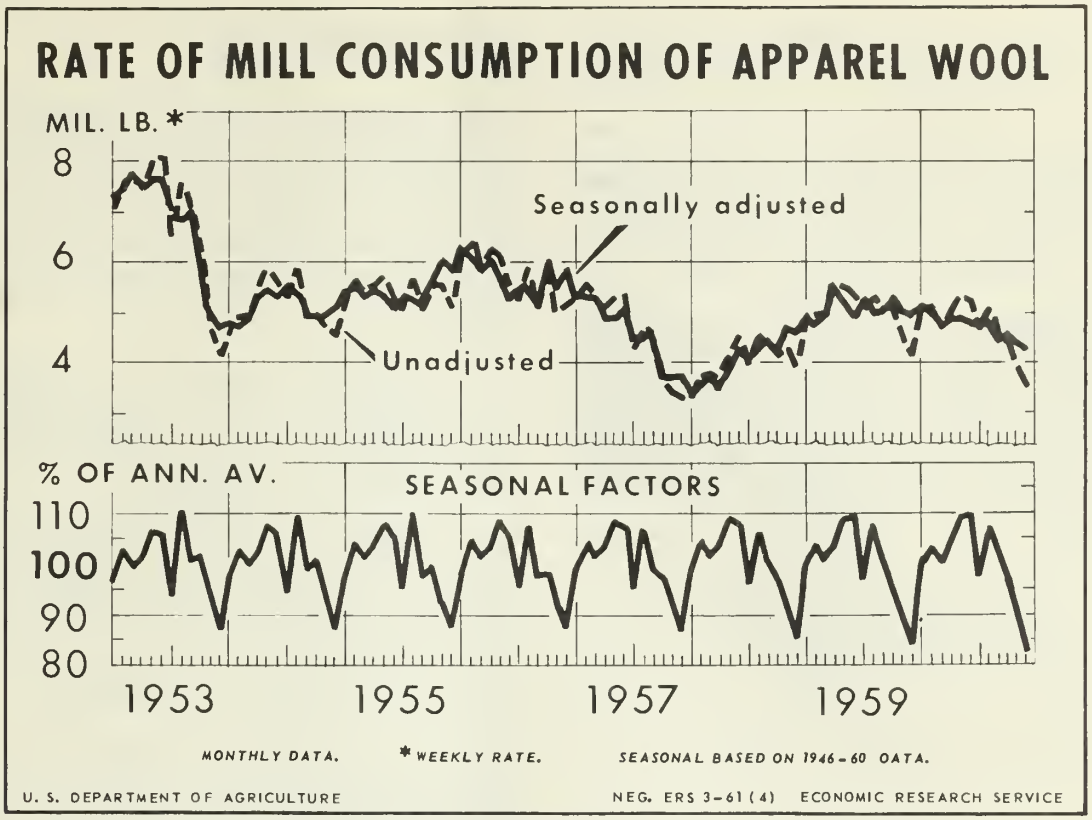

Figure 2

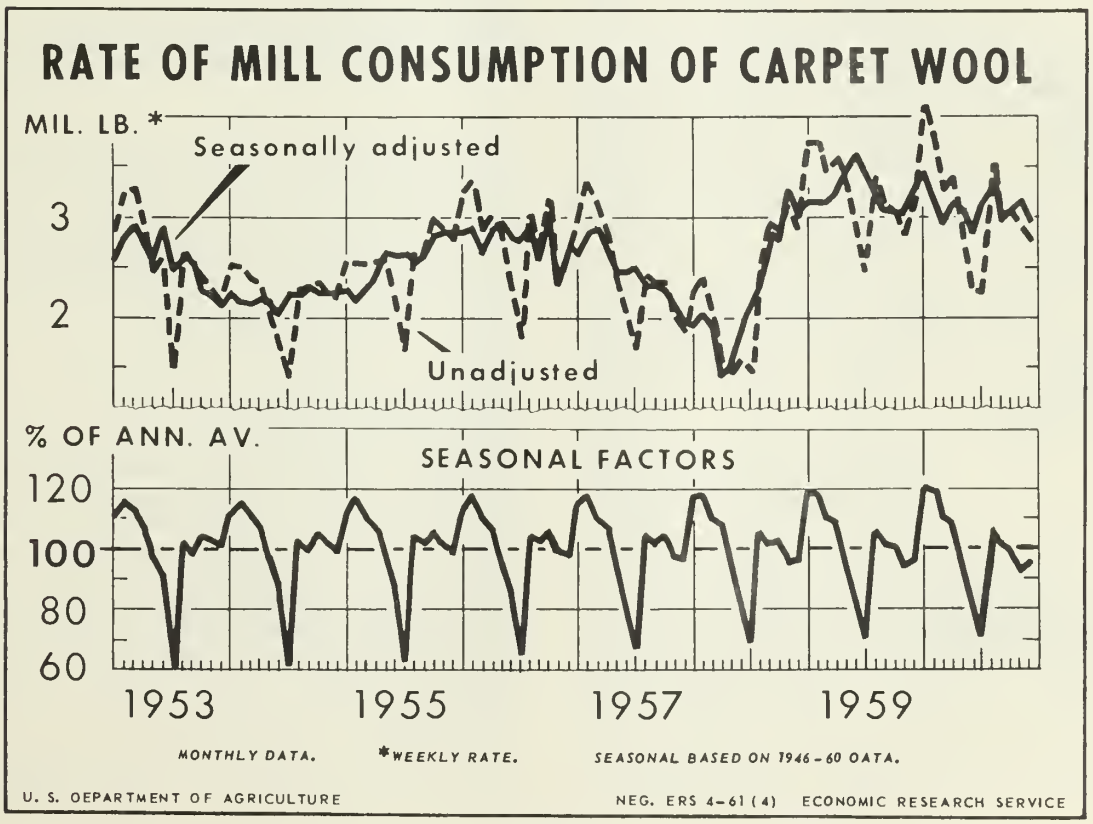

Figure 3

lion pounds compared with 6.1 million in February 1961, about 5.0 million in October and November 1960 and 9.2 million in March 1960.

Imports of duty-free wool in January-March 1961 totaled 40.5 million pounds, clean content, 7 percent less than the first 3 months of 1960. In March 1961, duty-free imports were 14.1 million pounds compared with 12.5 million in February 1961, 8.3 million in December 1960 and 18.1 million in March 1960.

The percentage relationship of the quality composition of dutiable and duty-free wool imports for January-March 1958 to 1960 are shown in table 4. Imports of dutiable wool grading 56's and finer increased significantly during the first quarter of 1961 compared with a year earlier. Imports of duty-free wool grading 40's to 46's increased, while those grading not finer than 40's and the named wools decreased.

Table 4.--Quality composition of dutiable and duty-free imports, clean basis, United States, January-March 1959-61

Grade	1959	1960	1961
	Percent	Percent	Percent
	Dutiable		
60's and finer	63.9	62.3	65.1
56's to 60's	9.7	11.5	16.0
50's to 56's	6.3	7.1	6.6
40's to 50's	8.7	7.2	5.2
Not finer than 40's	10.9	11.7	6.9
Total 1/	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Duty-free		
44's to 46's	1.3	1.3	4.3
40's to 44's	5.1	4.3	6.3
Not finer than 40's	58.9	54.9	53.5
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	34.7	39.5	35.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

1/ Includes small amounts of carbonized wool for which grade is not reported.

Derived from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

FIBER USE ON THE WOOLEN AND WORSTED SYSTEMS DOWN

Mill consumption of all fibers on the woolen and worsted systems during January-March 1961 totaled 154.8 million pounds, 19 percent less than the first 3 months of 1960. Raw wool's share of the total was 60.0 percent during the first quarter of 1961 compared with 58.8 percent for the corresponding period last year. Noils, reprocessed and reused wool's portion of the total fiber used declined; that of manmade fibers increased. (See table 5.)

Wool top production amounted to 30.8 million pounds during January-March 1961, 10 percent less than the 34.2 million pounds for the same period a year earlier. Wool's proportion of the total fiber used increased; manmade fiber's share decreased.

Fiber consumption on the worsted system (excluding manmade fiber tow converted to top without combing) during the first quarter of 1961 totaled 34.5 million pounds, 10 percent less than the 38.3 million pounds used last year during this same period. Wool's share of the total fiber consumed on the worsted system increased; manmade fiber's portion decreased.

Consumption of fibers in the spinning of yarn on the woolen system (except carpets) during January-March 1961 amounted to 71.3 million pounds, 19 percent less than the 88.4 million pounds of the first quarter of 1960. The proportion of shorn wool increased compared with a year earlier. Reprocessed and reused wool and manmade fiber's share of the total fiber used decreased.

Fibers used in the spinning of carpet and rug yarns on the woolen system during January-March 1961 totaled 49.1 million pounds, 23 percent less than the 63.5 million pounds of the same period a year earlier. Shorn and pulled wool's share of the total decreased compared with the first 3 months last year. Reprocessed and reused wool's portion was approximately the same; that of manmade fibers increased.

WOVEN WOOL FABRIC PRODUCTION DOWN 9 PERCENT IN 1960

Production of woolen and worsted woven goods (except felt) in 1960 amounted to 283.3 million linear yards, 9 percent less than 1959 and 7 percent less than the 1955-59 average. Apparel fabric output in 1960 was down approximately 9 percent, non-apparel fabric production declined 21 percent. Production of men's and boys' items declined 16 percent, those of women's and children's were down only 4 percent.

Table 5.--Fibers consumed in woolen spinning and worsted combing, January-March, 1959 to 1961

Classification	Jan.-Mar. 1959	Jan.-Mar. 1960	Jan.-Mar. 1961	Percent change 1961 from 1960
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	Percent
Raw wool	111,349	111,811	92,874	-16.9
Apparel	64,125	64,106	57,373	-10.5
Woolen system	29,403	30,133	26,745	-11.2
Worsted system	34,722	33,973	30,628	- 9.8
Carpet	47,224	47,705	35,501	-25.6
Noils, reprocessed and reused wool, and other animal fibers	41,855	43,693	33,127	-24.2
Man-made fibers 1/	29,250	29,981	24,702	-17.6
All other fibers (cotton, jute, other vegetable fibers)	5,988	4,795	4,087	-14.8
Total all fibers	188,442	190,280	154,790	-18.7

1/ Excludes top converted from tow without combing.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Output of woven felt totaled 8.9 million pounds in 1960, 8 percent less than the 9.6 million pounds in 1959. (See table 17.)

Government orders of apparel fabric in 1960 totaled 3.6 million linear yards more than double that of the relatively low output of 1959. Apparel fabric production other than government orders amounted to 273.9 million linear yards, 9 percent less than 1959. Men's and boys' fabric output in 1960 totaled 111.8 million linear yards compared with 132.8 million in 1959 and 107.3 million in 1958. Worsted production declined slightly less than woolen and accounted for slightly more than half the total output. Worsteds increased their share of the fabrics weighing 13 to 16 ounces, woolens increased their share of the fabric weighing less than 9 ounces, each at the expense of the other. Woven fabric production of women's and children's items in 1960 amounted to 162.1 million linear yards compared with 169.1 million in 1959 and 149.9 million in 1958. Total woolen production in 1960 was about the same as a year earlier, while that of worsted declined about 7 percent. In the production of women's and children's fabric there was a significant shift to lighter weight fabrics with the worsteds increasing their share of those weighing less than 9 ounces. Of the non-apparel items, output of blanketing and transportation upholstery continued to decline substantially. (See table 17.)

Woolen and worsted woven fabric production during October-December 1960 amounted to 60.1 million linear yards, 12 percent less than the third quarter of 1960 and 15 percent less than the fourth quarter of 1959. Output was less in each quarter of 1960 than the corresponding quarter of 1959. (See table 18 for category breakdown of 1959 and 1960 fabric production.) Fabric production can be expected to increase each of the first 3 quarters of 1961 due to the seasonal increase in output and the expected mid-year increase in consumer demand for apparel items. However, because of the relatively low level of output early in 1961, the total output for 1961 probably will be slightly less than in 1960.

INVENTORIES AND UNFILLED ORDERS OF APPAREL FABRICS

Inventories of gray and finished wool apparel fabrics at the weaving mill level increased during the early months of 1961 compared with the relatively low level of last fall. At the end of March, inventories of gray goods at the weaving mills totaled 26.0 million linear yards compared with 15.3 million in September and October 1960, and 21.4 million in March 1960. Production of woven cloth and the number of looms operating increased in March compared with the previous month but were below year earlier levels.

Inventories of finished fabric at the weaving mill level at the end of March 1961 totaled 27.0 million linear yards compared with 17.3 million in November and 29.4 million in March 1960. Unfilled orders of finished fabrics increased from the relatively low level of 31.2 million linear yards in November 1960 to 62.4 million in March 1961, which was below the 71.2 million linear yards of unfilled orders at the end of March 1960. The ratio of inventories of finished wool apparel fabrics to unfilled orders has been declining from 0.55 in October and November to 0.43 in March.

Inventories of gray and finished woven wool fabric at the converter, wholesaler and piece good dealer level were also increasing in the early months of 1961. Gray good inventories amounted to 1.4 million linear yards in March compared with 1.1 million in September and 2.2 million in March 1960. Inventories of finished goods totaled 12.6 million linear yards in March compared with 8.7 million in October, and 9.0 million in March 1960. Unfilled orders of finished fabric at this level in February 1961 were the lowest since May 1960. They totaled 3.7 million linear yards at the end of February and 3.8 million in March 1961 compared with 7.5 million in March 1960.

PRODUCTION OF WOOL YARN FOR SALE

Production of spun wool yarn for sale during January-March 1961 amounted to 25.5 million pounds, 9 percent less than the 28.1 million pound output of a year earlier. Output in March 1961 was 10.2 million pounds compared with 7.8 million a month earlier and 11.0 million a year earlier.

Wool knitting yarns produced in the first 3 months of 1961 totaled 11.6 million pounds, 4 percent less than the 12.1 million of a year earlier. Worsted knitting yarns accounted for 8.6 million pounds, approximately the same as a year earlier. Woolen knitting yarn output totaled 3.1 million pounds, 14 percent less than in January-March 1960.

Production of wool weaving yarns in January-March 1961 amounted to 1.8 million pounds, 25 percent less than the 2.4 million of a year earlier. Worsted weaving yarns accounted for the greater share of this output. Worsted weaving yarn output declined 16 percent during the first 3 months compared with a year earlier, woolen weaving yarns 63 percent.

Output of wool yarns for use in rugs and carpeting totaled 12.1 million pounds during January-March 1961, 11 percent less than the 13.6 million pounds in the same 3 months of 1960. A total of 10.2 million pounds of knitting and weaving yarns were produced on the worsted system; 15.3 million pounds on the woolen system, 3 and 13 percent less than a year earlier.

SHIPMENTS OF TUFTED CARPETING AND WOOL USAGE INCREASE

Manufacturer's shipments of tufted rugs and carpeting continued to increase during the second half of 1960. Shipments increased from 75.6 million square yards during January-June 1960 to 76.0 million during July-December. Shipments during 1960 totaled 151.6 million square yards, 14 percent more than the 132.5 million in 1959. (see table 19.)

The increase during the second half of 1960 was due to an increase in shipments of scatter rugs and bathmats as shipments of rugs and carpeting declined. Shipments of scatter rugs, bathmats and sets (rugs, 4 feet by 6 feet and smaller) during July-December 1960 amounted to 19.7 million square yards, 7 percent more than January-June 1960 and 2 percent more than the same period a year earlier. Shipments of rugs and carpeting including roll goods (rugs larger than 4 feet by 6 feet) during the second half of 1960 totaled 56.3 million square yards, 1 percent less than during the first half of 1960 and 15 percent more than during July-December 1959. (See table 19.)

During July-December 1960, 114.3 million pounds of all types of yarns were used in the manufacture of tufted rugs and carpeting compared with 109.4 million pounds in January-June. In addition, 66.1 million pounds of fabric containing cotton, jute and other fibers were used in backing for tufted rugs and carpeting. The use of wool yarns in the manufacture of tufted rugs and carpeting continued to increase. Wool yarns accounted for 28.8 million pounds of 25.2 percent of yarn used during July-December 1960 compared with 27.1 million pounds and 24.8 percent during January-June 1960 and 21.8 million pounds and 21.3 percent in July-December 1959. (See table 20.)

THE WORLD WOOL SITUATION

WORLD PRICES INCREASING

With world wool production and consumption approximately in balance, commercial stocks of raw wool and wool products relatively low, and some increase in demand expected in late 1961, world wool prices are expected to remain at about current levels for the rest of 1961. In mid-May, world prices for fine and medium wools were at the highest levels of the 1960-61 marketing season. The prices of the coarser wools are about the same or slightly above.

World fine and medium wool prices moved within a narrow price range from the opening of the 1960-61 marketing season to the Easter holidays. Prior to Easter, prices began increasing moderately and closed on a relatively firm note. Prices at the re-opening of the auctions in mid-April were 2 to 5 percent above the close for the fine wools and about the same for the medium wools. In mid-May, fine and medium wool prices had advanced up to 10 percent above the mid-April level. They also were 8 to 16 percent above the August-September 1960 opening and 2 to 6 percent above a year earlier levels. The prices of the coarser grades of wool in mid-May ranged from about 6 percent to slightly above the opening and approximately the same as a year earlier.

Prices at the Australian auctions in mid-May were 10 to 12 percent above the Easter close and 12 to 16 percent above the opening of the 1960-61 marketing season in August. They also were 2 to 6 percent above a year earlier levels. Total offerings of raw wool at the auctions have been less than a season earlier due to less production . Japan and the European countries have dominated the market. The medium wools have advanced more than the fine wools.

At the Union of South African wool auctions, prices in mid-May were 12 to 15 percent above the opening in September and about the same as a year before. Prices in New Zealand were the same to 10 percent higher than in September and about the same as a year ago. The medium wools were 6 to 10 percent above the opening while prices of the coarser wools ranged from about the same to 2 percent above the opening. Prices at the London auctions and the average prices of Dominion wools as shown in tables 21 and 22 do not reflect the early May increase in prices.

The Argentine and Uruguayan markets have been very active since the first of the year. Prices have been relatively firm resulting in the movement of the greater part of the current clip and the relatively large carryover of the previous season.

RAW WOOL PRODUCTION DOWN 2 PERCENT

World wool production totaled 5,541 million pounds, grease basis, in the 1960-61 season according to reports compiled by the Commonwealth Economic Committee. This is 2 percent less than the record high of 5,612 million pounds in 1959-60 and 6 percent more than the average of the 5 previous seasons. Included in this estimate for 1960-61 are the 1960 clips of producing countries in the Northern Hemisphere and the 1960-61 clips of the Southern Hemisphere. (See table 6.)

Total free world production in 1960-61 is estimated at 4,435 million pounds, grease basis, 2 percent less than the record high of 4,519 million pounds in 1959-60. Output in the Sino-Soviet Bloc continues to increase. In 1960-61, a record 1,106 million pounds, grease basis, were produced, 1 percent more than the previous high in 1959-60 but substantially above the 850 million in 1956-57. The Soviet Bloc total for 1960-61 has been revised downward from earlier estimates and may need to be revised downward again when final data becomes available to C.E.C.

Of the 10 major producing countries of the world, only Uruguay increased production significantly in 1960-61. Minor increases are noted in New Zealand, the United States, the USSR and China. Small decreases occurred in the United Kingdom and Turkey. Significant decreases occurred in the Union of South Africa and Argentina. The largest decline in output was in Australia where output is currently estimated at 1,616 million pounds, 73 million pounds less than a season earlier.

Merino wools accounted for 2,226 million pounds, grease basis (1,210 million, clean) in 1960-61, 3 percent less than a season earlier. Crossbred wools totaled 2,073 million pounds, grease basis (1,353 million, clean), approximately the same as in 1959-60. Apparel wool production totaled 4,299 million pounds, grease basis (2,563 million, clean), 2 percent less than the season before. Output of all other wools totaled 1,242 million pounds, grease basis. (See table 6.)

On a clean basis, world wool production in 1960-61 amounted to 3,184 million pounds, 1.5 percent less than in 1959-60 and 7 percent more than the average of the 5 previous seasons.

Table 6.--Estimated world production of raw wool, 1956-57 to 1960-61

Item	1956-57	1957-58	1958-59	1959-60	1960-61
	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds
Grease basis:					
Free world	4,255	4,127	4,345	4,519	4,435
Soviet Bloc	850	923	1,010	1,093	1,106
World total	5,105	5,050	5,355	5,612	5,541
Of which:					
Merino	2,083	2,044	2,214	2,286	2,226
Crossbred	1,863	1,832	1,945	2,078	2,073
Total apparel	3,946	3,876	4,159	4,364	4,299
Other	1,159	1,174	1,196	1,248	1,242
Clean equivalent:					
Merino	1,160	1,108	1,188	1,241	1,210
Crossbred	1,211	1,194	1,261	1,356	1,353
Total apparel	2,371	2,302	2,449	2,597	2,563
Other	579	587	598	624	621
Total	2,950	2,889	3,047	3,221	3,184

Compiled from reports of the Commonwealth Economic Committee.

PRODUCTION OF WOOL PRODUCTS IN MAJOR COUNTRIES INCREASES

Production of semiprocessed and manufactured wool products in the major manufacturing countries of the world increased during 1960. The increases were most marked in the early stages of processing and less in the finishing stages. top production increased 4 percent, yarn production 3 percent and fabric production 2 percent. Although output was greater in 1960 than in 1959, production of these wool products declined during the latter part of 1960 from the relatively higher levels of late 1959 and early 1960. This indicates that raw wool consumption and production of wool products in 1961 probably will be at or lower than the levels of 1960.

Top production in the 11 major manufacturing countries totaled 1,217 million pounds in 1960, 4 percent more than 1959 and 14 percent more than the 1955-59 average. Output in Japan and Italy has been increasing significantly in recent years. Production of top in Japan in 1960 was 24 percent more than in 1959 and 62 percent above the 1955-59 average. In Italy, top output was 17 percent higher in 1960 than in 1959 and 40 percent more than the 1955-59 average. In 1960, only the United Kingdom produced more top than Japan. France ranked third in production, followed by Italy and the United States. (See table 23.)

Production of woolen and worsted yarn in the 10 chief producing countries amounted to 2,737 million pounds in 1960, 3 percent more than 1959 and 9 percent more than the 1955-59 average. Only in the United States and the Netherlands was yarn output less in 1960 than in 1959, while only the Netherland had less production in 1960 than they had on an average during 1955-59. Italy, Japan, Australia and Belgium have increased their yarn production significantly since 1955. (See table 24.)

Woven wool apparel and non-apparel fabric production in the 8 major manufacturing countries totaled 2,000 million square yards in 1960, 1 percent more than 1959 and 7 percent more than the 1955-59 average. Only in Japan has there been a significant increase in fabric output in recent years. Production in 1960 was 17 percent higher than 1959 and 52 percent more than the 1955-59 average. Woven fabric output in the United States, the United Kingdom and France was less in 1960 than the 5 year average output of 1955-59. (See table 25.)

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF WOOL AND WOOL PRODUCTS

World trade in raw wool and wool products declined during the third quarter of 1960 from the relatively higher levels of late 1959 and early 1960. During the

fourth quarter of 1960, world trade gained moderately, resulting in increases above 1959 in the aggregate 1960 trade of yarns and fabrics, about the same volume for tops and slightly less for raw wool. Early 1961 trade in raw wool indicates some further increase in the world volume of exports and imports of raw wool and wool products above the relatively low levels of the third quarter of 1960. This will probably result in a continued high level of world trade in wool and wool manufactures in 1961.

Exports of raw wool from the 5 major surplus-producing countries of the Southern Hemisphere during the 1960-61 season as shown in table 7 total 1,481 million pounds, actual weight, 3 percent more than the same period of the 1959-60 marketing season and 7 percent above 1958-59. Exports during 1960-61 are less from Australia, New Zealand, and the Union of South Africa, more from Argentina and Uruguay.

Table 7.--Exports of wool, actual weight, from Southern Hemisphere surplus-producing countries, 1958-59, 1959-60 and 1960-61 seasons through February 1/

Exporting country	1958-59	1959-60	1960-61
	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.
Australia	820	941	895
New Zealand 2/	173	188	180
Union of South Africa	147	179	140
Argentina	164	104	202
Uruguay	74	27	64

1/ Season beginning July 1 in Australia, New Zealand, and Union of South Africa, and season beginning October 1 in Argentina and Uruguay.
2/ Through December.

Compiled from reports of the Commonwealth Economic Committee.

Imports of raw wool into the 14 leading importing countries of free world in 1960 amounted to 2,510 million pounds, actual weight, 6 percent less than the 2,668 million pounds in 1959. Imports into most of the major countries declined. Only Japan increased her imports substantially in 1960--from 369 million pounds to 417 million, a gain of 13 percent.

Free world exports of wool and hair top from the 10 major manufacturing countries totaled 229 million pounds, 4 percent less than in 1959 and 13 percent above the 1955-59 average. Only France, Belgium, Japan and Argentina increased their exports of top in 1960. Exports of top from 3 of the major wool producing countries--Australia, Uruguay and South Africa--declined substantially. The United Kingdom and France are principal exporters of top. Exports of tops from these 10 countries reached a peak in the first quarter of 1960. This was followed by declines in the second and third quarters. Exports of top in the fourth quarter of 1960 increased 21 percent above the third but were 7 percent less than the fourth quarter of 1959. (See tables 26 and 27.)

Imports of top into the 15 leading importing countries during 1960 totaled 141 million pounds, about the same as in 1959. Imports into these countries were high in the second quarter of 1959 and the first quarter of 1960. The low during these 2 years was the third quarter of 1960. Imports increased 18 percent from the third quarter to the fourth quarter of 1960 and in the fourth quarter of 1960 were slightly above the corresponding quarter of 1959. (See table 27.)

Woolen and worsted yarn exports from the 9 chief exporting countries during 1960 totaled 183 million pounds, 12 percent more than in 1959. France, Belgium, the United Kingdom, Italy and Japan increased their exports. The major exporters of yarn were France, Belgium and the United Kingdom. Exports of yarn from these 9 countries reached a peak in the fourth quarter of 1959 and then declined through the third quarter of 1960. In the fourth quarter of 1960, exports were 11 percent above the third quarter of 1960 but 4 percent below the peak of the fourth quarter of 1959. (See tables 26 and 28.)

Imports of woolen and worsted yarn into the 12 major importing countries of the free world amounted to 144 million pounds in 1960, 5 percent more than in 1959. West Germany is the major importer of yarn. Woolen and worsted yarn imports into these 12 countries during the fourth quarter of 1960 totaled 39 million pounds, 15 percent more than the third quarter, but 11 percent less than the peak reached in the fourth quarter of 1959. (See table 28.)

Exports of woolen and worsted fabric (excluding blankets) from the 9 principal exporting countries amounted to 225 million pounds during 1960, 6 percent more than 1959. Italy increased her fabric exports substantially during 1960, smaller increases in fabric exports occurred in Belgium, the Netherlands, Japan and France. The major exporters of fabric were Italy and the United Kingdom. Exports of fabric from these 9 countries reached a peak during the third quarter of 1960. In the fourth quarter of 1960 they declined to a level 17 percent below the third and 3 percent below the fourth quarter of 1959. (See tables 26 and 29.)

STATISTICAL SUMMARY

Part I - Prices

Item	1960				1961				Latest data available as percent of a year earlier
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Percent
Boston, clean basis 1/									
Domestic									
Graded territory shorn wool									
Fine good French combing and staple	127.5	123.0	122.5	118.2	112.5	112.5	112.5	115.0	97
1/2 blood good French combing and staple	123.0	118.5	118.0	113.8	107.5	107.5	107.5	110.0	97
3/8 blood good French combing and staple	117.5	113.0	112.5	110.6	107.5	107.5	102.5	105.0	93
1/4 blood good French combing and staple	111.5	107.0	106.5	106.5	107.5	107.5	97.5	99.2	93
Low 1/4 blood	102.5	98.0	97.5	97.5	107.5	107.5	97.5	95.0	97
Common and braid	97.5	93.0	92.5	92.5	90.0	90.0	87.5	90.0	97
Graded fleece shorn wool									
Delaine	127.5	123.0	122.5	120.2	116.5	116.5	115.7	117.2	98
1/2 blood good French combing and staple	117.5	113.0	112.5	110.0	106.5	106.5	105.3	105.5	96
3/8 blood good French combing and staple	112.5	108.0	107.5	109.5	102.5	98.8	97.5	99.2	91
1/4 blood good French combing and staple	109.5	103.5	102.5	104.5	101.9	94.4	92.5	96.0	92
Low 1/4 blood	98.5	94.0	93.5	93.5	102.5	102.5	96.5	90.0	96
Common and braid	92.5	88.0	87.5	87.5	82.5	82.5	82.5	85.0	97
Original bag Texas shorn wool									
Fine 12 months good French combing and staple	132.5	128.0	127.5	118.8	117.5	117.5	117.5	119.6	101
Fine 8 months (1 in. and over)	112.5	108.0	107.5	105.0	102.5	102.5	104.5	110.5	105
Fine fall (3/4 in. and over)	107.5	103.0	102.5	98.8	92.5	92.5	92.5	95.5	97
Scoured pulled wool 1/									
70's, 2 in. and longer	127.5	130.0	132.5	132.5	117.5	117.5	117.5	120.0	91
64's, 70's, 1 1/2 in. and longer	127.5	129.0	130.5	131.5	114.5	114.6	115.0	116.2	88
60's, 64's, 1 1/2 in. and longer	122.5	122.5	125.5	126.8	111.2	112.1	112.5	113.8	90
60's, 1 1/2 in. and longer	119.5	119.5	122.5	124.0	108.0	109.5	109.5	109.5	88
58's, 60's, 2 in. and longer	117.5	117.5	120.5	121.5	106.0	106.0	106.0	106.0	87
56's, 58's, 2 in. and longer	115.0	115.0	115.0	115.0	102.5	102.5	102.5	102.5	89
56's, 2 in. and longer	113.0	113.0	113.0	113.0	100.5	99.8	100.7	101.0	89
50's, 56's, 2 in. and longer	108.5	108.5	108.5	108.5	97.8	96.5	94.5	94.5	87
44's, 50's, 4 in. and longer	104.0	104.0	104.0	104.5	96.0	95.0	92.5	92.5	89
36's, 44's, 4 in. and longer	92.5	92.5	92.5	92.5	92.5	91.5	90.5	90.5	98

1/ From weekly review of the Boston Wool Market.

STATISTICAL SUMMARY

Part II - Mill Consumption and Imports

Item	Unit	1959	1960				1961			Latest data available as percent of a year earlier
		Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	
Mill consumption, scoured basis 1/										
Average weekly rate during month 2/										
Apparel wool 3/	1,000									
60's and finer	pounds	2,038	2,746	2,438	2,417	1,892	2,222	2,519	2,395	99
50's up to 60's	do.	1,712	1,989	2,188	1,786	1,338	1,685	1,606	1,812	101
48's and coarser	do.	347	403	471	430	255	309	352	312	73
Total apparel wool	do.	4,097	5,138	5,097	4,633	3,485	4,216	4,477	4,519	98
Carpet wool 4/	do.	3,162	4,114	3,761	3,241	2,775	3,023	2,864	2,391	74
Total apparel and carpet	do.	7,259	9,252	8,858	7,874	6,260	7,239	7,341	6,910	88
Monthly aggregates 2/										
Apparel wool 3/	Million									
60's and finer	pounds	10.2	11.0	9.7	12.1	9.4	8.9	10.1	12.0	99
50's up to 60's	do.	8.6	8.0	8.8	8.9	6.7	6.7	6.4	9.1	102
48's and coarser	do.	1.7	1.6	1.9	2.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	68
Total apparel wool	do.	20.5	20.6	20.4	23.2	17.4	16.9	17.9	22.6	97
Carpet wool 4/	do.	15.8	16.4	15.0	16.2	13.9	12.1	11.5	12.0	74
Total apparel and carpet	do.	36.3	37.0	35.4	39.4	31.3	29.0	29.4	34.6	88
Accumulated since January 1										
Apparel wool 3/										
By grade										
60's and finer	do.	131.0	11.0	20.7	32.8	117.3	8.9	19.0	31.0	95
50's up to 60's	do.	106.5	8.0	16.7	25.6	106.4	6.7	13.2	22.2	87
48's and coarser	do.	23.7	1.6	3.5	5.6	20.1	1.3	2.6	4.2	75
By system										
Woolen	do.	119.1	9.5	19.0	30.1	111.2	8.1	16.5	26.8	89
Worsted	do.	142.1	11.1	21.9	34.0	132.6	8.8	18.3	30.6	90
Total apparel wool	do.	261.2	20.6	40.9	64.1	243.8	16.9	34.8	57.4	90
Carpet wool 4/	do.	168.0	16.4	31.5	47.7	160.4	12.1	23.5	35.5	74
Total apparel and carpet	do.	429.2	37.0	72.4	111.8	404.2	29.0	58.3	92.9	83
Imports for consumption										
clean content										
Monthly aggregates	1,000									
Dutiable wool	pounds									
60's and finer	do.	7,017	5,687	5,336	5,091	4,675	4,498	4,020	6,635	130
56's-60's	do.	581	652	873	1,445	608	1,226	922	1,579	109
50's-56's	do.	556	417	317	1,089	333	527	439	580	53
46's-50's	do.	191	153	228	131	68	133	58	145	111
44's-46's	do.	133	220	165	110	16	80	54	80	73
40's-44's	do.	218	276	292	296	67	304	90	257	87
Not finer than 40's	do.	410	768	891	812	560	430	289	383	47
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	do.	165	169	178	198	54	59	265	184	93
Total dutiable wool 5/	do.	9,272	8,379	8,295	9,180	6,381	7,262	6,147	9,879	108
Duty-free wool										
44's-46's	do.	51	202	104	267	427	717	313	733	275
40's-44's	do.	397	519	380	960	487	1,153	556	831	87
Not finer than 40's	do.	5,355	6,215	7,430	10,251	3,987	8,260	6,933	6,481	63
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	do.	4,734	5,490	5,126	6,612	3,361	3,772	4,737	6,046	91
Total duty-free	do.	10,537	12,426	13,040	18,090	8,262	13,902	12,539	14,091	78
Total free and dutiable	do.	19,809	20,805	21,335	27,270	14,643	21,164	18,686	23,970	88
Accumulated since January										
Dutiable wool	Million									
60's and finer	pounds	61.9	5.7	11.0	16.1	46.3	4.5	8.5	15.2	94
56's-60's	do.	9.2	.6	1.5	3.0	9.6	1.2	2.1	3.7	123
50's-56's	do.	7.0	.4	.7	1.8	5.2	.5	1.0	1.5	83
46's-50's	do.	2.4	.2	.4	.5	1.6	.1	.2	.3	60
44's-46's	do.	2.4	.2	.4	.5	1.3	.1	.1	.2	40
40's-44's	do.	3.2	.3	.6	.9	1.9	.3	.4	.7	78
Not finer than 40's	do.	11.6	.8	1.7	2.5	7.0	.4	.7	1.1	44
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	do.	2.4	.2	.3	.5	1.3	.1	.3	.5	100
Total dutiable wool 5/	do.	100.5	8.4	16.7	25.8	74.3	7.3	13.4	23.3	90
Duty-free wool										
44's-46's	do.	2.5	.2	.3	.6	3.3	.7	1.0	1.8	300
40's-44's	do.	10.1	.5	.9	1.9	13.9	1.1	1.7	2.5	132
Not finer than 40's	do.	111.0	6.2	13.6	23.9	85.2	8.3	15.2	21.7	91
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	do.	68.0	5.5	10.6	17.2	51.5	3.8	8.5	14.5	84
Total duty-free wool	do.	191.6	12.4	25.4	43.6	153.9	13.9	26.4	40.5	93
Total free and dutiable	do.	292.1	20.8	42.1	69.4	228.2	21.2	39.8	63.8	92

1/ On woolen and worsted systems; excludes wool consumed on the cotton and other spinning systems and in the manufacture of processed felt, hat bodies, and other miscellaneous products. 2/ Monthly periods are 4 or 5 calendar weeks generally totaling 13 weeks per quarter. 3/ Domestic and duty-paid foreign wool. 4/ Duty-free foreign wool. 5/ Includes carbonized wool which is not reported by grade.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

MOHAIR SITUATION AT A GLANCE

Item	Unit	1960 Jan.	1960 Feb.	1960 Mar.	1960 Apr.	1961 Jan.	1961 Feb.	1961 Mar.	1961 Apr.
Mohair									
Average price received by farmers for Texas mohair, grease basis	Cents per pound	104.0	100.0	103.0	106.0	93.0	93.0	96.0	96.0
Parity price 1/	do.	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Farmers' price as percent of parity	Percent	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Boston market prices	Cents								
Texas mohair, grease basis 2/	per								
Graded	pound								
No. 1 Kid (Bulk 36's)	do.	192.5	185.0	183.0	205.0	190.0	185.0	185.0	185.0
No. 2 Kid (Bulk 32's)	do.	177.5	167.0	163.0	185.0	175.0	170.0	170.0	170.0
No. 1 Grown (Bulk 28's)	do.	142.5	137.5	135.5	147.5	135.0	135.0	135.0	135.0
No. 2 Grown (Bulk 24's)	do.	117.5	112.5	109.5	117.5	100.0	107.0	107.0	108.8
No. 3 Grown (Bulk 20's)	do.	107.5	102.5	99.5	107.5	85.0	90.0	90.0	91.2
No. 4 Grown (Bulk 18's)	do.	97.5	97.5	96.5	92.5	75.0	85.0	85.0	86.2
Sorted									
40's	do.	260.0	245.0	233.0	245.0	245.0	215.0	215.0	220.0
36's	do.	245.0	228.8	217.0	235.0	230.0	205.0	205.0	212.5
32's	do.	195.0	183.8	179.0	205.0	195.0	195.0	195.0	200.0
30's	do.	175.0	166.2	159.0	165.0	155.0	150.0	150.0	152.5
26's	do.	135.0	128.8	125.0	135.0	115.0	115.0	115.0	120.0
22's	do.	115.0	111.2	108.5	112.5	95.0	105.0	105.0	105.0
18's	do.	107.5	105.0	103.5	107.5	90.0	95.0	95.0	97.5
Exports of mohair, clean content	1,000								
Monthly aggregate	pounds	1,050.4	219.4	1,991.1	3,093.3	2,539.6	862.1	1,636.1	
Accumulated since January 1	do.	1,050.4	1,269.8	3,260.9	6,354.2	2,539.6	3,401.7	5,037.8	
Imports for consumption, clean content									
Monthly aggregate	do.	---	6	---	---	---	---	---	
Accumulated since January 1	do.	---	6	6	6	---	---	---	

1/ Effective parity prices as computed currently using base prices in effect and indexes for months indicated. These parity prices are the legally applicable parity prices for the following month.

2/ From Weekly Review of the Boston Wool Market.

Table 8.--Commercial stocks of apparel wool, scoured basis, and a comparison of stocks with mill consumption, United States, April 1, 1950-January 1, 1961 1/

Year	Held by						Total reported stocks	Number of weeks mill supply represented by stocks held by 2/		
	Manufacturers			Dealers and U. S. Government				Manufacturers	Dealers and U. S. Government	Total
	Domestic	Foreign	Total	Domestic	Foreign	Total				
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	Number	Number	Number
Apr. 1, 1950	36,300	54,824	91,124	36,053	16,058	52,111	143,235	10.7	6.2	16.9
Dec. 29, 1951	22,925	61,797	84,722	34,227	16,138	50,365	135,087	13.4	7.9	21.3
Dec. 27, 1952	29,205	51,021	80,226	65,622	16,215	81,837	162,063	11.1	11.4	22.5
Apr. 1, 1954	24,323	34,144	58,467	80,103	11,126	91,229	149,696	12.1	18.9	31.0
Apr. 1, 1955	27,442	32,686	60,128	87,561	11,982	99,543	159,671	11.0	18.3	29.3
Apr, 1, 1956	28,923	29,697	58,620	76,372	10,674	87,046	145,666	9.6	14.2	23.8
Apr. 1, 1957	38,091	29,149	67,240	45,889	9,217	55,106	122,346	12.4	10.2	22.6
Jan. 1, 1958	34,804	24,265	59,069	44,166	11,869	56,035	115,104	17.3	16.4	33.7
Jan. 1, 1959	35,291	21,257	56,548	26,574	8,807	35,381	91,929	13.9	8.7	22.6
Jan. 1, 1960	42,176	31,158	73,334	19,742	7,663	27,405	100,739	16.1	6.0	22.1
Jan. 1, 1961 3/	37,670	22,726	60,396	23,701	7,193	30,894	91,290	15.4	7.9	23.3

1/ Includes stocks held on consignment, stocks held in bond, and stocks in process of manufacture up to the carding operation, but excludes wool held by the Commodity Credit Corporation for the Department of Defense (1951 and 1952) and wool held for the account of domestic growers except that held on consignment for growers. 2/ Stocks compared with mill consumption during 3 previous months. 3/ Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 9.--Commercial stocks of carpet wool, scoured basis, and a comparison of stocks with mill consumption, United States, April 1, 1950-January 1, 1961 1/

Year	Held by		Total reported stocks	Number of weeks mill supply represented by stocks held by 2/		
	Dealers	Manufacturers		Dealers	Manufacturers	Total
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	Number	Number	Number
Apr. 1, 1950	5,298	49,207	54,505	1.3	12.4	13.7
Dec. 29, 1951	6,031	32,389	38,420	3.7	19.6	23.3
Dec. 27, 1952	5,247	37,613	42,860	1.9	13.2	15.1
Jan. 2, 1954	8,967	33,329	42,296	3.9	14.4	18.3
Jan. 1, 1955	5,504	24,834	30,338	2.4	10.9	13.3
Dec. 31, 1955	6,789	27,617	34,406	2.4	9.6	12.0
Jan. 1, 1957	5,524	27,675	33,199	2.0	10.3	12.3
Jan. 1, 1958	6,876	26,894	33,770	3.3	12.7	16.0
Jan. 1, 1959	6,687	26,881	33,568	2.3	9.2	11.5
Jan. 1, 1960	12,217	38,474	50,691	4.0	12.7	16.7
Jan. 1, 1961 3/	10,306	30,402	40,708	3.6	10.5	14.1

1/ Includes stocks held on consignment and stocks in process of manufacture up to the carding operation. 2/ Stocks compared with mill consumption during 3 previous months. 3/ Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 10.--Mill consumption of fibers: Total and per capita, 1930 to date

Year beginning Jan. 1	Population July 1 1/	Cotton 2/			Wool 3/			Rayon and acetate 4/			Non-cellulosic manmade 5/			Non-cellulosic waste 6/			Flax 7/ and silk 8/			All fibers	
		Total	Percentage of fibers	Per capita	Total	Percentage of fibers	Per capita	Total	Percentage of fibers	Per capita	Total	Percentage of fibers	Per capita	Total	Percentage of fibers	Per capita	Total	Percentage of fibers	Per capita	Total	Per capita 9/
	Mil.	Mil.lb.	Pct.	Lb.	Mil.lb.	Pct.	Lb.	Mil.lb.	Pct.	Lb.	Mil.lb.	Pct.	Lb.	Mil.lb.	Pct.	Lb.	Mil.lb.	Pct.	Lb.	Mil.lb.	Lb.
1930	123.1	2,616.6	84.5	21.3	263.2	8.5	2.1	119.3	3.9	1.0							96.2	3.1	0.8	3,095.3	25.1
1931	124.0	2,654.9	82.5	21.4	311.0	9.7	2.5	159.3	4.9	1.3							94.7	2.9	.8	3,219.9	26.0
1932	124.8	2,463.7	84.1	19.7	230.1	7.8	1.8	155.4	5.3	1.2							82.6	2.8	.7	2,931.8	23.5
1933	125.6	3,050.7	83.2	24.3	317.1	8.7	2.5	217.3	5.9	1.7							80.6	2.2	.6	3,665.7	29.2
1934	126.4	2,659.5	84.0	21.0	229.7	7.3	1.8	196.9	6.2	1.6				10.1	0.3	0.1	71.3	2.2	.6	3,167.5	25.1
1935	127.2	2,755.4	78.1	21.7	417.5	11.8	3.3	259.2	7.3	2.0				14.5	.4	.1	85.0	2.4	.7	3,531.6	27.8
1936	128.1	3,471.4	80.7	27.1	406.1	9.4	3.2	322.4	7.5	2.5				20.8	.5	.2	80.5	1.9	.6	4,301.3	33.6
1937	128.8	3,646.6	82.1	28.3	380.8	8.6	3.0	304.7	6.9	2.4				24.8	.6	.2	78.4	1.8	.6	4,435.3	34.4
1938	129.8	2,918.3	81.0	22.5	284.5	7.9	2.2	329.4	9.1	2.5				10.7	.3	.1	61.0	1.7	.5	3,603.9	27.8
1939	130.9	3,628.6	79.5	27.7	396.5	8.7	3.0	458.9	10.0	3.5				14.1	.3	.1	69.7	1.5	.5	4,567.8	34.9
1940	132.1	3,959.1	80.4	30.0	407.9	8.3	3.1	482.1	9.8	3.6	4.3	0.1	10/	12.3	.2	.1	59.7	1.2	.5	4,925.4	37.3
1941	133.4	5,192.1	80.0	38.9	648.0	10.0	4.9	591.9	9.1	4.4	11.6	.2	0.1	14.0	.2	.1	35.3	.5	.3	6,492.9	48.7
1942	134.9	5,633.1	81.5	41.8	603.6	8.7	4.5	620.8	9.0	4.6	23.1	.3	.2	15.0	.2	.1	23.2	.3	.2	6,918.8	51.3
1943	136.7	5,270.6	79.5	38.6	636.3	9.6	4.7	656.1	9.9	4.8	35.3	.5	.3	21.4	.3	.2	13.6	.2	.1	6,633.2	48.5
1944	138.4	4,790.4	77.2	34.6	622.8	10.1	4.5	704.8	11.4	5.1	45.8	.7	.3	21.9	.4	.2	9.5	.2	.1	6,195.2	44.8
1945	139.9	4,515.8	75.2	32.3	645.1	10.7	4.6	769.9	12.8	5.5	49.8	.8	.4	25.4	.4	.2	8.4	.1	.1	6,014.4	43.0
1946	141.4	4,809.1	73.7	34.0	737.5	11.3	5.2	875.5	13.4	6.2	53.2	.8	.4	25.6	.4	.2	26.1	.4	.2	6,527.0	46.2
1947	144.1	4,665.6	72.5	32.4	698.2	10.8	4.8	987.9	15.4	6.9	51.4	.8	.4	18.6	.3	.1	12.0	.2	.1	6,433.7	44.6
1948	146.6	4,463.5	69.7	30.4	693.1	10.8	4.7	1,149.4	17.9	7.8	71.7	1.1	.5	18.6	.3	.1	12.9	.2	.1	6,409.2	43.7
1949	149.2	3,839.1	70.4	25.7	500.4	9.2	3.4	993.5	18.2	6.7	92.8	1.7	.6	15.6	.3	.1	10.1	.2	.1	5,451.5	36.5
1950	151.7	4,682.7	68.3	30.9	634.8	9.3	4.2	1,350.0	19.7	8.9	140.5	2.0	.9	27.9	.4	.2	21.3	.3	.1	6,857.2	45.2
1951	154.4	4,868.6	71.1	31.5	484.2	7.1	3.1	1,274.6	18.6	8.3	195.5	2.8	1.3	8.5	.1	.1	18.3	.3	.1	6,849.7	44.4
1952	157.0	4,470.9	69.4	28.5	466.4	7.2	3.0	1,214.7	18.8	7.7	249.0	3.9	1.6	26.5	.4	.2	19.3	.3	.1	6,446.8	41.1
1953	159.6	4,456.1	68.8	27.9	494.0	7.6	3.1	1,222.5	18.8	7.7	279.4	4.3	1.8	21.8	.3	.1	15.4	.2	.1	6,489.2	40.7
1954	162.4	4,127.3	68.4	25.4	384.1	6.4	2.4	1,154.7	19.1	7.1	328.6	5.4	2.0	25.0	.4	.2	15.5	.3	.1	6,035.2	37.2
1955	165.3	4,382.4	65.2	26.5	413.8	6.2	2.5	1,419.2	21.1	8.6	432.2	6.4	2.6	51.1	.8	.3	19.0	.3	.1	6,717.7	40.6
1956	168.2	4,362.6	66.7	25.9	440.8	6.7	2.6	1,200.9	18.3	7.1	484.1	7.4	2.9	42.4	.6	.3	20.6	.3	.1	6,551.4	39.0
1957	171.2	4,060.4	65.1	23.7	368.8	5.9	2.2	1,177.1	18.9	6.9	567.5	9.1	3.3	48.0	.8	.3	15.5	.2	.1	6,237.3	36.4
1958	174.1	3,867.0	64.8	22.2	331.1	5.5	1.9	1,127.2	18.9	6.5	575.2	9.6	3.3	61.7	1.0	.4	9.4	.2	.1	5,971.6	34.3
1959 11/	12/177.3	4,335.2	63.4	24.5	429.2	6.3	2.4	1,252.3	18.3	7.1	741.4	10.8	4.2	70.9	1.0	.4	11.8	.2	.1	6,840.8	38.6
1960 11/	13/180.7	4,216.6	64.8	23.3	404.2	6.2	2.2	1,055.7	16.2	5.8	761.3	11.7	4.2	60.3	.9	.3	11.7	.2	.1	6,509.8	36.0

1/ Bureau of the Census. Population continental United States as of July 1, including armed forces overseas. 2/ Mill consumption as reported by the Bureau of the Census. For American cotton, tare as reported by the Crop Reporting Board has been deducted; for foreign cotton, 3 percent (15 pounds) was deducted, (20 pounds in 1960). Since 1950, data have been adjusted to year ended december 31. 3/ Includes apparel and carpet wool on a scoured basis. Data from Wool Consumption reports of the Bureau of the Census. 4/ Textile Organon, publications of the Textile Economics Bureau, Incorporated. Include filament and staple fibers. Data are United States producers' domestic shipments, plus imports for consumption. 5/ Textile Organon. Nylon, orlon, glass fiber, etc. United States production less exports plus imports for consumption. 6/ Producers' manmade fiber waste consumed by mills. 7/ Flax. Imports and estimated production. Bureau of the Census and Plant Industry through 1948. Since 1949, production is estimated by the Economic Research Service. Portland, Oregon, office. Imports only since the 1953 season. 8/ Bureau of the Census. Net imports through 1933. Since 1934, imports for consumption. 9/ Total consumption divided by population and not a summation of per capita consumption of fibers. 10/ Less than 0.05 pounds. 11/ Preliminary. 12/ Includes Alaska. 13/ Includes Alaska and Hawaii.

Table 11.--Average weekly rate of mill consumption of apparel wool on the woolen and worsted systems, scoured basis, unadjusted and adjusted for seasonal variation, U.S., by months, 1946 to date 1/

Year	January		February		March		April		May		June	
	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted
	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.
1946	10,799	10,608	11,927	11,095	12,606	12,052	12,327	11,991	12,063	12,334	12,401	12,693
1947	11,407	11,183	12,092	11,248	11,431	11,002	10,594	10,346	9,603	9,799	9,466	9,719
1948	10,425	10,181	10,725	9,986	10,336	10,035	10,658	10,511	10,405	10,596	9,624	9,800
1949	7,325	7,188	6,810	6,388	5,668	5,573	4,879	4,874	4,284	5,337	5,653	5,681
1950	8,006	7,935	8,837	8,384	8,518	8,467	7,943	8,031	8,268	8,260	8,084	7,925
1951	8,192	8,291	7,496	7,222	7,020	7,027	8,754	8,887	8,609	8,440	8,541	8,213
1952	5,904	6,068	6,218	6,049	5,971	5,977	5,876	5,929	6,277	6,024	6,779	6,407
1953	7,033	7,273	7,599	7,414	7,404	7,727	7,472	7,420	8,075	7,604	8,034	7,601
1954	4,652	4,786	4,916	4,777	4,894	4,899	5,476	5,353	5,851	5,438	5,570	5,280
1955	5,279	5,409	5,673	5,465	5,390	5,369	5,586	5,413	5,751	5,310	5,282	5,026
1956	6,171	6,278	6,405	6,129	5,865	5,801	6,255	6,038	6,143	5,662	5,569	5,269
1957	5,290	5,343	5,561	5,316	5,372	5,319	5,024	4,845	5,305	4,894	5,364	5,032
1958	3,322	3,345	3,711	3,565	3,764	3,734	3,644	3,521	4,148	3,827	4,530	4,198
1959	4,855	4,889	4,938	4,771	4,991	4,976	5,595	5,416	5,555	5,115	5,314	4,866
1960	5,138	5,164	5,097	4,944	4,633	4,633	5,004	4,835	5,288	4,860	5,253	4,797
1961	4,216	4,233	4,477	4,351	4,519	4,524						

Year	July		August		September		October		November		December	
	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted
	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.
1946	10,150	12,214	12,447	12,038	12,475	12,218	12,675	11,980	12,039	12,297	11,664	12,201
1947	7,768	9,303	9,502	9,093	9,497	9,293	9,842	9,259	9,413	9,694	8,766	9,218
1948	7,936	9,392	9,706	9,165	9,042	8,830	8,497	7,963	7,426	7,695	7,420	7,936
1949	5,625	6,548	7,354	6,841	7,170	6,954	8,380	7,861	7,183	7,498	7,029	7,624
1950	7,370	8,385	9,901	9,075	9,015	8,702	9,671	9,115	7,871	8,233	7,393	8,214
1951	6,282	6,972	7,320	6,624	6,912	6,685	6,360	6,051	6,368	6,682	6,300	7,111
1952	6,335	6,878	7,621	6,878	7,784	7,624	7,656	7,411	7,120	7,448	6,725	7,721
1953	6,526	6,957	7,649	6,916	7,083	7,076	5,986	5,874	4,717	4,970	4,118	4,728
1954	5,271	5,578	5,926	5,387	4,881	4,965	4,962	4,932	4,685	4,984	4,520	5,183
1955	5,046	5,317	5,721	5,225	5,066	5,196	5,621	5,655	5,570	6,015	5,098	5,820
1956	5,214	5,494	5,966	5,509	5,111	5,226	5,921	6,042	4,995	5,441	5,175	5,928
1957	4,210	4,413	4,792	4,454	4,546	4,611	3,624	3,717	3,378	3,708	3,208	3,704
1958	3,963	4,132	4,542	4,233	4,422	4,422	4,102	4,225	4,216	4,653	3,905	4,583
1959	5,081	5,260	5,326	4,954	5,054	5,019	5,124	5,299	4,517	4,997	4,097	4,889
1960	4,660	4,794	5,099	4,743	4,458	4,414	4,401	4,556	3,971	4,388	3,485	4,209
1961												

1/ Revised March 1961.

Table 12.--Average weekly rate of mill consumption of carpet wool on the woolen system, scoured basis, unadjusted and adjusted for seasonal variation, U. S., by months, 1946 to date 1/

Year	January		February		March		April		May		June	
	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted
	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.
1946	2,020	1,986	2,479	2,266	2,588	2,323	2,289	2,231	2,393	2,305	2,566	2,637
1947	2,850	2,748	3,271	2,993	3,419	3,089	3,199	3,100	3,417	3,295	3,298	3,435
1948	3,987	3,754	3,881	3,535	4,053	3,655	4,256	4,092	4,243	4,123	3,967	4,207
1949	4,242	3,888	3,923	3,537	3,714	3,343	3,203	3,048	3,057	3,015	2,260	2,403
1950	3,974	3,590	3,977	3,532	3,989	3,543	4,208	3,970	4,097	4,130	3,725	4,036
1951	3,416	3,066	3,410	2,981	3,268	2,882	2,507	2,352	1,807	1,863	1,622	1,765
1952	2,261	2,042	2,513	2,178	2,385	2,087	2,265	2,123	2,033	2,124	1,403	1,525
1953	2,869	2,587	3,238	2,799	3,295	2,919	2,929	2,740	2,450	2,555	2,622	2,891
1954	2,514	2,269	2,500	2,157	2,389	2,137	2,346	2,199	2,093	2,173	1,793	2,019
1955	2,546	2,281	2,540	2,186	2,541	2,300	2,555	2,397	2,585	2,668	2,251	2,617
1956	3,213	2,859	3,362	2,886	2,898	2,625	3,037	2,849	2,863	2,949	2,363	2,790
1957	2,988	2,605	3,330	2,836	3,151	2,867	2,859	2,672	2,369	2,440	2,049	2,463
1958	2,229	1,910	2,406	2,034	2,095	1,903	1,519	1,413	1,464	1,519	1,596	1,935
1959	3,732	3,139	3,738	3,144	3,468	3,144	3,595	3,323	3,333	3,475	2,946	3,610
1960	4,114	3,425	3,761	3,163	3,241	2,941	3,412	3,145	2,925	3,053	2,295	2,819
1961	3,023	2,505	2,864	2,409	2,391	2,170						

Year	July		August		September		October		November		December	
	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted
	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.
1946	1,826	2,616	2,576	2,571	2,564	2,638	2,691	2,573	2,873	2,789	2,937	2,967
1947	2,537	3,709	3,514	3,518	3,427	3,549	3,570	3,384	3,592	3,393	3,235	3,245
1948	2,821	4,268	4,241	4,271	4,072	4,246	4,523	4,243	4,159	4,014	3,800	3,785
1949	1,605	2,536	2,630	2,665	2,653	2,796	3,251	3,038	3,317	3,192	3,471	3,413
1950	2,448	4,053	3,989	4,046	3,710	3,922	4,223	3,962	3,712	3,569	3,638	3,556
1951	413	702	1,040	1,048	1,069	1,119	1,556	1,473	1,663	1,605	1,761	1,715
1952	1,289	2,196	2,305	2,298	2,730	2,817	2,648	2,529	2,824	2,739	3,029	2,981
1953	1,490	2,496	2,677	2,635	2,503	2,544	2,358	2,261	2,258	2,203	2,137	2,124
1954	1,370	2,239	2,296	2,231	2,300	2,302	2,365	2,257	2,274	2,234	2,214	2,234
1955	1,655	2,623	2,629	2,533	2,659	2,611	2,976	2,824	2,893	2,881	2,775	2,829
1956	1,787	2,737	3,044	2,930	2,685	2,632	3,206	3,045	2,309	2,339	2,682	2,759
1957	1,683	2,501	2,424	2,317	2,368	2,326	2,368	2,284	2,025	2,096	1,890	1,957
1958	1,474	2,136	2,480	2,357	2,909	2,866	2,847	2,788	3,114	3,292	2,893	3,014
1959	2,425	3,454	3,419	3,225	3,123	3,080	3,075	3,063	2,810	3,018	3,162	3,321
1960	2,252	3,172	3,524	3,321	3,029	2,999	3,030	3,042	2,908	3,147	2,775	2,921
1961												

1/ Revised March 1961.

Table 13.--Seasonal adjustment factors for average weekly rates of mill consumption of apparel wool on the woolen and worsted systems, United States, by months, 1946-60

Year	January		February		March		April		May		June	
	Revised 1/	Old	Revised 1/	Old	Revised 1/	Old	Revised 1/	Old	Revised 1/	Old	Revised 1/	Old
	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
1946	101.8	100.5	107.5	107.5	104.6	106.1	102.8	101.6	97.8	97.4	97.7	98.0
1947	102.0	101.5	107.5	107.5	103.9	104.6	102.4	100.2	98.0	97.7	97.4	97.6
1948	102.0	102.3	107.4	107.1	103.0	102.7	101.4	99.1	98.2	98.0	98.2	98.1
1949	101.9	102.1	106.6	106.0	101.7	100.8	100.1	98.5	99.0	98.8	99.5	99.3
1950	100.9	100.9	105.4	104.4	100.6	99.3	98.9	98.3	100.1	100.0	102.0	101.6
1951	98.8	98.5	103.8	102.7	99.9	98.7	98.5	98.8	102.0	102.0	104.0	103.8
1952	97.3	96.8	102.8	101.6	99.9	98.6	99.1	100.5	104.2	104.3	105.8	105.6
1953	96.7	96.1	102.5	101.5	99.7	98.8	100.7	102.4	106.2	106.5	105.7	105.7
1954	97.2	96.5	102.9	102.2	99.9	99.4	102.3	103.3	107.6	108.0	105.5	105.7
1955	97.6	97.0	103.8	103.4	100.4	100.3	103.2	103.4	108.3	108.7	105.1	105.6
1956	98.3	97.7	104.5	104.1	101.1	101.0	103.6	103.9	108.5	109.0	105.7	106.3
1957	99.0	97.9	104.6	104.1	101.0	101.3	103.7	104.1	108.4	108.9	106.6	107.2
1958	99.3	97.6	104.1	103.4	100.8	101.5	103.5	104.2	108.4	108.8	107.9	108.5
1959	99.3	96.9	103.5	102.6	100.3	101.5	103.3	104.3	108.6	108.9	109.2	109.6
1960	99.5	96.6	103.1	102.2	100.0	101.5	103.5	104.4	108.8	109.0	109.5	110.2

Year	July		August		September		October		November		December	
	Revised 1/	Old	Revised 1/	Old	Revised 1/	Old	Revised 1/	Old	Revised 1/	Old	Revised 1/	Old
	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
1946	83.1	82.3	103.4	102.4	102.1	102.5	105.8	105.8	97.9	99.7	95.6	96.2
1947	83.5	83.2	104.5	104.2	102.2	102.7	106.3	106.7	97.1	98.3	95.1	95.7
1948	84.5	84.4	105.9	106.1	102.4	102.9	106.7	107.2	96.5	97.2	93.5	94.7
1949	85.9	86.0	107.5	107.8	103.1	103.5	106.6	107.0	95.8	96.1	92.2	93.9
1950	87.9	87.8	109.1	109.2	103.6	104.5	106.1	106.3	95.6	95.3	90.0	92.2
1951	90.1	90.1	110.5	110.5	103.4	105.0	105.1	105.0	95.3	94.4	88.6	90.5
1952	92.1	92.0	110.8	110.7	102.1	104.2	103.3	102.9	95.6	94.1	87.1	88.6
1953	93.8	93.8	110.6	110.5	100.1	102.1	101.9	101.3	94.9	93.4	87.1	87.8
1954	94.5	94.7	110.0	110.1	98.3	100.5	100.6	100.0	94.0	92.4	87.2	87.1
1955	94.9	95.3	109.5	109.7	97.5	99.0	99.4	99.1	92.6	91.4	87.6	86.8
1956	94.9	95.5	108.3	108.7	97.8	98.6	98.0	97.8	91.8	90.9	87.3	86.5
1957	95.4	96.2	107.6	107.8	98.6	98.8	97.5	97.1	91.1	90.5	86.6	86.1
1958	95.9	96.9	107.3	107.2	100.0	100.2	97.1	96.6	90.6	90.2	85.2	85.0
1959	96.6	98.1	107.5	107.0	100.7	100.9	96.7	96.2	90.4	90.2	83.8	84.5
1960	97.2	98.7	107.5	106.9	101.0	101.3	96.6	96.0	90.5	90.2	82.8	84.2

1/ Revised March 1961.

Table 14.--Seasonal adjustment factors for average weekly rates of mill consumption of carpet wool on the woolen system, United States, by months, 1946 to 1960

Year	January		February		March		April		May		June	
	Revised 1/	Old	Revised 1/	Old	Revised 1/	Old	Revised 1/	Old	Revised 1/	Old	Revised 1/	Old
	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
1946	101.7	98.1	109.4	109.9	111.4	112.2	102.6	101.7	103.8	103.7	97.3	100.2
1947	103.7	102.0	109.3	109.8	110.7	111.4	103.2	102.9	103.7	103.7	96.0	97.3
1948	106.2	105.9	109.8	110.3	110.9	111.6	104.0	104.2	102.9	103.0	94.3	94.7
1949	109.1	109.8	110.9	111.7	111.1	112.0	105.1	105.7	101.4	101.6	93.0	92.5
1950	110.7	111.7	112.6	113.9	112.6	113.8	106.0	106.7	99.2	99.3	92.3	91.4
1951	111.4	112.6	114.4	115.9	113.4	114.7	106.6	107.3	97.0	97.1	91.9	90.6
1952	110.7	111.9	115.4	116.9	114.3	115.5	106.7	107.3	95.7	95.6	92.0	90.7
1953	110.9	112.0	115.7	117.0	112.9	113.8	106.9	107.2	95.9	95.7	90.7	89.5
1954	110.8	111.6	115.9	116.8	111.8	112.3	106.7	106.8	96.3	96.1	88.8	87.9
1955	111.6	112.1	116.2	117.3	110.5	110.5	106.6	105.8	96.9	95.5	86.0	85.2
1956	112.4	112.6	116.5	118.0	110.4	109.5	106.6	104.6	97.1	94.1	84.7	83.7
1957	114.7	113.9	117.4	119.6	109.9	108.5	107.0	103.3	97.1	92.0	83.2	81.9
1958	116.7	114.8	118.3	121.0	110.1	108.2	107.5	102.2	96.4	89.6	82.5	81.1
1959	118.9	116.0	118.9	122.3	110.3	108.2	108.2	101.1	95.9	87.2	81.6	80.4
1960	120.1	116.6	118.9	123.0	110.2	108.2	108.5	100.6	95.8	86.0	81.4	80.1

Year	July		August		September		October		November		December	
	Revised 1/	Old	Revised 1/	Old	Revised 1/	Old	Revised 1/	Old	Revised 1/	Old	Revised 1/	Old
	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
1946	69.8	72.0	100.2	100.8	97.2	97.8	104.6	102.9	103.0	102.5	99.0	98.3
1947	68.4	69.5	99.9	99.9	96.8	96.8	105.5	104.5	103.2	102.9	99.7	99.5
1948	66.1	65.7	99.3	98.6	95.9	95.4	106.6	106.6	103.6	103.4	100.4	100.6
1949	63.3	61.7	98.7	97.1	94.9	94.2	107.0	107.9	103.9	103.8	101.7	102.1
1950	60.4	58.1	98.6	96.4	94.6	93.8	106.6	108.0	104.0	103.9	102.3	103.0
1951	58.8	56.4	99.2	96.8	95.5	94.8	105.6	106.9	103.6	103.5	102.7	103.5
1952	58.7	56.3	100.3	97.9	96.9	96.3	104.7	106.1	103.1	103.1	101.6	102.3
1953	59.7	57.9	101.6	99.8	98.4	98.1	104.3	105.6	102.5	102.1	100.6	101.1
1954	61.2	60.2	102.9	101.8	99.9	99.8	104.8	106.2	101.8	101.1	99.1	99.5
1955	63.1	62.7	103.8	103.4	101.5	101.7	105.4	106.8	100.4	100.5	98.1	98.5
1956	65.3	64.9	103.9	103.9	102.0	102.7	105.3	107.8	98.7	100.7	97.2	97.6
1957	67.3	66.6	104.6	104.0	101.8	103.8	103.7	107.8	96.6	101.1	96.6	97.5
1958	69.0	67.9	105.2	104.0	101.5	104.8	102.1	107.2	94.6	101.8	96.0	97.4
1959	70.2	68.7	106.0	103.9	101.4	106.0	100.4	106.1	93.1	102.8	95.2	97.4
1960	71.0	69.1	106.1	103.9	101.0	106.6	99.6	105.6	92.4	103.3	95.0	97.4

1/ Revised March 1961.

Table 15 .--Raw wool content of United States imports for consumption of wool manufactures, by months, 1959 to date 1/

Calendar year	Noils	Wastes 2/	Tops and advanced wool	Yarns	Woven fabrics 3/	Wool blankets 4/	Wearing apparel		Other manufactures 6/	Carpet and rugs 7/	Total
							Knit	Other than knit 5/			
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
1959											
January	2,768	1,214	233	343	1,889	12	209	128	132	1,789	8,717
February	2,818	1,098	169	311	1,468	3	158	88	83	1,643	7,839
March	4,156	1,985	387	550	2,218	5	155	99	155	1,670	11,380
April	3,086	1,471	459	443	3,065	12	154	89	120	2,117	11,016
May	3,692	1,723	643	491	4,894	11	241	172	185	1,824	13,876
June	3,507	2,032	525	462	2,770	20	519	276	117	1,947	12,175
July	2,902	1,539	334	454	1,719	39	779	743	178	2,104	10,791
August	3,168	1,821	215	421	1,061	65	765	895	159	2,075	10,645
September	3,098	1,277	440	428	690	48	849	1,120	187	3,019	11,156
October	3,061	1,100	217	417	1,515	20	764	1,020	180	2,291	10,585
November	2,598	969	228	501	854	18	689	815	163	2,349	9,184
December	2,893	1,349	312	406	528	40	452	630	153	2,746	9,509
Annual total	37,748	17,576	4,162	5,229	22,670	292	5,782	6,076	1,814	25,573	126,922
1960											
January	3,018	1,059	459	393	4,700	3	227	318	65	2,930	13,172
February	2,927	1,398	666	421	6,029	7	192	63	64	2,851	14,618
March	3,322	1,307	570	554	4,371	11	210	219	82	2,482	13,128
April	3,300	1,187	463	435	2,356	8	292	200	101	2,462	10,804
May	3,057	1,363	429	491	1,524	10	489	177	94	2,508	10,142
June	3,640	1,139	626	673	1,743	8	798	395	153	2,041	11,216
July	2,571	713	348	543	1,396	34	1,110	673	173	2,218	9,779
August	3,252	820	268	483	1,631	33	1,224	1,090	223	2,435	11,459
September	2,694	691	203	338	1,206	24	1,042	973	225	2,475	9,871
October	2,819	541	195	333	1,385	50	921	834	283	2,398	9,759
November	2,840	486	268	315	1,030	25	750	532	217	2,078	8,541
December	3,154	486	106	270	2,229	21	483	530	265	2,099	9,643
Annual total 8/9/	36,594	11,190	4,601	5,249	29,600	234	7,738	6,004	1,945	28,977	132,132
1961											
January	3,237	849	219	326	3,523	18	345	331	226	2,046	11,120
February	3,690	900	280	342	1,167	3	213	285	120	1,875	8,875
March											

1/ Includes manufactures of mohair, alpaca, and other wool-like specialty hair. 2/ Not including rags. 3/ Includes pile fabrics and manufactures, tapestry and upholstery goods, press and billiard cloths. 4/ Includes carriage and automobile robes, steamer rugs, etc. 5/ Includes laces, lace articles, veils and veilings, nets and nettings, when reported in pounds. 6/ Includes knit fabrics in the piece and miscellaneous manufactures not elsewhere specified. 7/ Converted at pounds per square foot as follows: Not made on power-driven loom, 0.5; made on power-driven loom, 0.20. 8/ Preliminary. 9/ Monthly data may not always agree with the annual because of rounding and minor revisions in the annual report.

Compiled from reports of the United States Department of Commerce.

Table 16.--Raw wool content of United States exports of domestic wool manufactures, by months, 1959 to date 1/

Calendar year	Noils and wastes 2/	Tops and advanced wool	Yarns	Fabrics woven and knit	Wool blankets	Wearing apparel		Felts	Other manufactures 5/	Carpets and rugs 6/	Total
						Knit 3/	Other than knit 4/				
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
1959											
January	49	12	15	43	18	6	17	9	17	55	241
February	87	27	12	23	7	5	13	12	32	40	258
March	115	31	13	53	6	7	17	21	20	46	329
April	122	11	11	41	16	7	23	17	8	28	284
May	171	9	43	36	3	4	19	19	74	46	424
June	123	15	13	55	8	5	16	19	31	25	310
July	120	8	27	71	12	6	17	14	13	28	316
August	105	9	25	55	3	9	27	11	32	21	297
September	66	27	32	69	422	16	41	29	34	29	765
October	103	39	20	67	450	23	46	29	59	56	892
November	155	17	29	46	40	19	35	18	28	55	442
December	105	28	29	38	27	9	31	21	27	59	374
Annual total	1,321	231	270	598	1,013	116	303	220	375	489	4,936
1960											
January	105	19	13	33	12	5	13	27	20	78	325
February	142	18	45	42	14	6	16	18	27	37	365
March	88	7	25	40	26	4	24	30	41	42	327
April	189	29	29	39	3	9	22	16	16	43	395
May	46	16	32	55	2	8	26	29	34	27	275
June	69	25	23	50	4	10	18	25	16	28	268
July	114	19	18	58	18	15	24	16	39	35	356
August	94	36	15	69	2	17	31	23	30	30	347
September	186	39	23	71	2	18	43	12	37	32	463
October	149	28	12	49	4	18	51	24	36	29	400
November	249	21	21	391	21	41	44	17	39	46	890
December	40	40	25	52	6	9	32	23	22	38	287
Annual total 7/8/	1,471	297	281	949	114	160	344	260	357	465	4,698
1961											
January	74	43	15	34	2	8	18	18	26	54	292
February	143	37	28	32	2	5	18	17	61	41	384
March											

1/ Includes manufactures of mohair, alpaca and other wool-like specialty hair. 2/ Not including rags. 3/ Pounds were computed from estimated price per pound. 4/ Includes men's and boy's suits, pants, overcoats group items converted at 3 pounds each; women's and children's suits, dresses, ensembles group items converted at 3 pounds each; wool felt hats group converted at 0.17 pounds. Other wearing apparel not knit computed from price estimates. 5/ Census Bureau's Schedule B classification, designated manufactures, nec. 6/ Converted at 2.5 pounds per square yard. 7/ Preliminary. 8/ Monthly data may not always agree with annual because of rounding and minor revisions in annual report.

Compiled from reports of the U. S. Department of Commerce.

Table 17.--Production of woolen and worsted woven goods, United States, average 1951-55, annual 1956-60 1/

Fabric	Average 1951-55	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	Percentage change 1960 from 1958	Percentage change 1960 from 1959
	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards	Percent	Percent
Woven fabric (except felt)	332,898	324,358	294,490	271,340	310,831	283,295	+ 4.4	- 8.9
Apparel	295,025	312,611	282,931	262,216	303,466	277,456	+ 5.8	- 8.6
Government orders	38,640	2,262	4,916	5,022	1,629	3,558	-29.2	+118.4
Other than Government orders	256,385	310,349	278,015	257,194	301,837	273,898	+ 6.5	- 9.3
Men's and boys'	2/121,746	2/154,674	2/129,136	2/107,271	2/132,772	2/111,760	+ 4.2	- 15.8
Woolen	52,979	70,612	66,154	53,244	63,789	53,085	- .3	- 16.8
Worsted	66,197	72,944	53,522	48,648	62,381	53,133	+ 9.2	- 14.8
Women's and children's	2/134,639	2/155,675	2/148,879	2/149,923	2/3/169,065	2/3/162,138	+ 8.1	- 4.1
Woolen	110,159	125,971	121,031	122,700	107,694	107,561	-12.3	- .1
Worsted	19,441	15,629	13,226	11,399	13,738	12,743	+11.8	- 7.2
Non-apparel	37,873	11,747	11,559	9,124	7,365	5,839	-36.0	- 20.7
Blanketing	21,367	8,850	8,686	7,217	5,466	4,351	-39.7	- 20.4
Government orders	6,965	4/	4/	4/	4/	4/	---	---
Other than Government orders	14,402	4/	4/	4/	4/	4/	---	---
Transportation upholstery	13,116	2,034	1,964	1,054	906	344	-67.4	- 62.0
Other non-apparel	3,390	863	909	853	993	1,144	+34.1	+ 15.2
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	Percent	Percent
Woven felt	10,103	10,979	8,933	8,340	9,643	8,910	+ 6.8	- 7.6

1/Fabrics wholly or chiefly by weight of wool, reused wool, reprocessed wool, or other animal fibers. Blanketing in 72 inch width or equivalent, other fabrics in 54 to 60 inch widths or equivalent 54 inch width.

2/Includes fabrics 20 oz. and over for which breakdown not available.

3/Includes fabrics 16 oz. up to 20 oz. for which breakdown not available.

4/Not available.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 18 --Production of woolen and worsted woven goods, United States, by quarters, 1959-60 1/

Fabric	1959 Jan.-Mar.	1959 Apr.-June	1959 July-Sept.	1959 Oct.-Dec.	1960 Jan.-Mar.	1960 Apr.-June	1960 July-Sept.	1960 Oct.-Dec.
	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards	1,000 linear yards
Woven fabric (except felt)	73,200	85,816	80,882	70,933	74,011	80,719	68,507	60,058
Apparel	71,226	83,851	79,135	69,254	72,624	79,393	66,974	58,555
Government orders	978	331	211	109	804	850	395	1,509
Other than Government orders	70,243	83,520	78,924	69,145	71,820	78,453	66,579	57,046
Men's and boys'	2/33,642	2/37,173	2/32,741	2/29,216	2/32,335	2/32,283	2/24,838	2/22,298
Woolen	15,393	17,711	17,043	13,637	15,832	15,071	11,852	10,330
Worsted	16,717	17,433	14,035	14,196	15,087	15,649	11,579	10,818
Women's and children's	2/36,606	2/46,347	2/3/46,183	2/3/39,929	2/3/39,484	2/3/45,165	2/3/41,741	2/3/34,748
Woolen	30,322	37,514	28,515	27,295	27,079	28,877	25,703	24,902
Worsted	3,025	4,230	3,716	3,035	3,152	3,969	3,255	2,367
Non-apparel	1,974	1,965	1,747	1,679	1,337	1,416	1,533	1,503
Blanketing	1,416	1,438	1,294	1,318	1,054	1,058	1,105	1,134
Government orders	4/	4/	4/	4/	4/	4/	4/	4/
Other than Government orders	4/	4/	4/	4/	4/	4/	4/	4/
Transportation upholstery	299	244	227	136	73	103	97	71
Other non-apparel	259	283	226	225	260	255	331	298
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
Woven felt	2,359	2,524	2,244	2,518	2,332	2,309	1,990	2,229

1/ Fabrics wholly or chiefly by weight of wool, reused wool, reprocessed wool, or other animal fibers. Blanketing in 72 inch width or equivalent, other fabrics in 54 to 60 inch widths or equivalent 54 inch width.

2/ Includes fabrics 20 oz. and over for which breakdown not available.

3/ Includes fabrics 16 oz. up to 20 oz. for which breakdown not available.

4/ Not available.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 19.--Manufacturers' shipments of tufted rugs and carpeting, United States, 1956 to date

Year	Scatter rugs, bathmats and sets (rugs 4 ft. x 6ft. or smaller)	Rugs and carpeting including roll goods (rugs larger than 4 ft. x 6 ft.)	Total
	1,000 sq. yd.	1,000 sq. yd.	1,000 sq. yd.
1956 Jan.-June	13,670	24,599	38,269
1956 July-Dec.	15,279	29,629	44,908
1957 Jan.-June	15,357	32,983	48,340
1957 July-Dec.	15,368	35,943	51,311
1958 Jan.-June	16,299	34,493	50,792
1958 July-Dec.	17,758	45,090	62,848
1959 Jan.-June	17,070	47,084	64,154
1959 July-Dec.	19,346	49,023	68,369
1960 Jan.-June	18,496	57,091	75,587
1960 July-Dec.	19,700	56,335	76,035

Compiled from Current Industrial Reports M 22 L, Bureau of the Census.

Table 20.--Yarns consumed in the manufacture of tufted rugs and carpeting, United States, 1956 to date

Year	Yarn consumed				
	Cotton	Rayon and acetate	Wool	Other	Total
	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.
1956 Jan.-June	20.6	37.4	3.1	5.9	67.0
1956 July-Dec.	19.1	49.7	3.7	6.1	78.6
1957 Jan.-June	19.8	52.2	7.0	6.8	85.8
1957 July-Dec.	20.7	51.9	7.8	10.4	90.8
1958 Jan.-June	20.1	41.9	8.8	11.9	82.7
1958 July-Dec.	24.0	46.3	15.0	13.2	98.5
1959 Jan.-June	24.2	42.8	20.9	15.0	102.9
1959 July-Dec.	26.6	38.4	21.8	15.4	102.2
1960 Jan.-June	24.6	37.2	27.1	20.5	109.4
1960 July-Dec.	24.4	38.2	28.8	23.1	114.3
	Percentage of total consumed				
	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
1956 Jan.-June	30.8	55.8	4.6	8.8	100.0
1956 July-Dec.	24.3	63.2	4.7	7.8	100.0
1957 Jan.-June	23.1	60.8	8.2	7.9	100.0
1957 July-Dec.	22.8	57.2	8.6	11.4	100.0
1958 Jan.-June	24.3	50.7	10.6	14.4	100.0
1958 July-Dec.	24.4	47.0	15.2	13.4	100.0
1959 Jan.-June	23.5	41.6	20.3	14.6	100.0
1959 July-Dec.	26.0	37.6	21.3	15.1	100.0
1960 Jan.-June	22.5	34.0	24.8	18.7	100.0
1960 July-Dec.	21.4	33.2	25.2	20.2	100.0

Compiled from Current Industrial Reports M 22 L, Bureau of the Census.

Table 21.--Price per pound of fleece wools, clean basis (Bradford yield), at the London auctions, by Bradford grades, 1959 to date

Week ended 1/		Good medium fleeces		Fine crossbred fleeces		Crossbred fleeces	
		64's-70's	58's-60's	56's	50's	48's	46's
		Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents
1959							
January	16	98.2	---	---	---	---	63.1
January	23	98.3	81.9	---	67.9	63.2	63.2
February	27	100.7	85.5	---	70.2	65.6	64.4
March	13	103.1	86.7	---	71.5	66.8	65.6
April	17	120.9	---	---	82.2	78.6	78.6
April	24	124.3	---	---	85.6	83.3	83.3
May	29	118.3	96.1	86.7	79.7	77.3	76.1
June	5	118.3	96.1	86.7	79.7	77.3	76.2
July	10	121.8	100.7	89.0	83.2	80.8	79.2
July	17	124.2	103.1	90.2	85.5	83.2	82.0
September	18	125.1	108.7	92.3	88.8	86.5	85.3
September	25	121.6	105.2	91.2	86.5	84.2	83.0
October	30	121.6	107.5	91.2	86.5	84.2	84.2
November	6	121.4	107.4	92.2	87.6	84.1	84.1
December	4	122.4	107.2	94.4	88.6	85.1	85.1
December	11	122.4	107.3	94.5	88.6	86.3	86.3
1960							
January	15	122.4	107.3	94.4	88.6	86.3	86.3
January	22	122.6	107.4	94.6	88.7	86.4	86.4
February	12	119.1	105.1	91.1	85.2	82.9	82.9
February	26	118.0	105.1	87.6	82.9	80.6	80.6
March	25	122.8	107.6	91.2	85.4	84.2	83.0
April	1	122.8	107.6	91.3	85.4	84.2	83.1
May	13	119.3	104.1	87.7	83.0	80.7	80.7
May	20	119.2	104.0	88.8	83.0	80.7	80.7
July	8	115.8	98.3	88.9	83.1	80.7	80.7
July	15	119.4	98.3	88.9	83.1	80.7	80.7
September	16	109.1	92.7	---	79.8	77.4	77.4
September	23	109.0	92.6	---	79.7	77.3	77.3
October	28	109.0	---	---	---	---	77.4
November	25	109.0	91.4	85.5	79.7	77.3	77.3
December	2	108.9	91.3	85.5	79.6	76.1	76.1
December	16	108.8	---	84.2	---	---	74.9
1961							
January	20	109.9	93.6	85.4	79.5	76.0	76.0
February	10	110.9	95.7	86.4	80.6	77.0	77.0
February	16	113.1	96.8	86.3	81.6	78.1	78.1
March	17	113.1	94.5	84.0	79.3	75.8	75.8
March	24	113.1	96.7	83.9	76.9	74.6	74.6
April							

1/ Opening and closing weeks for each series.

Compiled from Krelinger and Fernau market reports. Prices converted from pence (United Kingdom) to cents at current rates of exchange.

Table 22--Price per pound of British Dominion wool, (Bradford grade),by months, 1959 to date

Year and month	Combing							
	70's	64's	60's	58's	56's	50's	48's	46's
	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents
1959								
January	91.2	85.4	79.5	77.2	77.2	65.5	64.3	63.1
February	93.6	90.1	84.3	80.8	77.3	69.1	66.7	65.6
March	96.1	92.6	86.7	82.0	77.3	69.1	65.8	65.6
April	115.0	110.3	103.3	97.4	86.8	79.8	77.5	76.3
May	114.9	110.2	103.2	97.3	86.8	80.9	78.6	77.4
June	111.3	106.6	99.6	93.8	80.9	75.0	72.7	71.5
July	114.8	109.0	103.1	97.2	86.7	80.8	78.5	77.3
August	125.3	119.4	113.6	105.4	94.8	86.6	84.3	83.1
September	120.3	114.5	108.6	101.6	90.0	84.1	81.8	80.6
October	118.1	111.1	105.2	99.4	92.4	85.4	83.0	80.7
November	117.9	110.9	103.9	98.1	92.3	85.2	82.9	80.6
December	118.9	113.1	106.1	99.1	94.4	88.6	86.3	84.0
1960								
January	119.0	112.0	105.0	98.0	94.5	83.7	86.3	84.0
February	113.3	105.3	99.3	94.6	89.9	82.9	80.6	79.4
March	115.7	108.7	101.7	97.0	97.0	85.3	83.0	81.8
April	121.7	115.9	106.5	99.5	96.0	87.8	81.9	79.6
May	115.7	103.7	100.5	94.7	93.5	86.5	79.5	78.3
June	114.4	107.4	100.4	94.6	93.4	86.4	79.4	78.2
July	111.2	102.9	97.1	92.4	85.4	79.6	78.4	77.2
August	101.9	96.0	90.2	86.6	85.5	79.6	77.3	76.1
September	102.0	96.1	89.1	85.6	82.0	76.2	75.0	72.7
October	100.7	94.9	87.9	84.3	82.0	76.1	73.8	71.5
November	104.3	98.5	90.3	86.8	83.2	79.7	77.4	75.0
December	102.9	97.1	88.9	86.6	86.6	78.4	74.9	73.7
1961								
January	100.6	95.9	88.9	86.5	86.5	78.3	74.8	73.7
February	103.8	100.3	93.3	91.0	86.3	80.5	77.0	74.7
March	104.9	101.4	94.4	90.9	85.1	80.4	74.6	72.3
April	114.3	108.4	100.3	96.8	89.8	82.8	78.1	74.6

Compiled from reports of United Kingdom-Dominion Wool Disposals Limited and New Zealand Wool Commission.

Table 23.--Production of wool and hair tops, by specified countries, average 1955-59, annual 1955-60

Country	Average 1955-59	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	Percentage change	
								1960 compared with 1959	1960 compared with av. 1955-59
	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Percent	Percent
United Kingdom	320.1	309.5	321.3	324.8	296.7	348.3	319.2	- 8.4	- 0.3
France	181.6	162.5	187.0	208.1	173.0	177.4	192.6	+ 8.6	+ 6.1
Japan	134.3	91.2	126.0	153.1	126.0	175.4	218.1	+ 24.3	+62.4
Italy	105.1	77.8	96.2	113.9	111.3	126.4	147.6	+ 16.8	+40.4
United States	124.0	128.4	137.8	111.0	109.6	133.3	125.4	- 5.9	+ 1.1
West Germany	84.3	87.1	90.3	92.9	75.4	75.7	84.9	+ 12.2	+ .7
Belgium	47.4	41.6	48.0	52.0	46.3	49.3	53.7	+ 8.9	+13.3
Australia	39.4	31.1	39.7	41.7	38.6	46.0	45.5	- 1.1	+15.5
Uruguay	25.6	28.1	35.0	16.1	22.0	27.0	23.4	- 13.3	- 8.6
Netherlands	4.6	4.2	3.8	4.9	4.8	5.3	4.6	- 13.2	-----
Sweden	.9	1.4	1.0	.6	.6	.7	1.5	+114.3	+66.7
Total	1,067.3	962.9	1,086.1	1,119.1	1,004.3	1,164.8	1,216.5	+ 4.4	+14.0

Compiled from reports of Commonwealth Economic Committee.

Table 24.--Production of woolen and worsted yarn, by specified countries, average 1955-59, annual 1955-60

Country	Average 1955-59	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	Percentage change	
								1960 compared with 1959	1960 compared with av. 1955-59
	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Percent	Percent
United States	616.8	617.0	656.0	585.0	559.0	667.0	619.3	- 7.2	+ 0.4
United Kingdom	527.8	538.8	529.5	537.8	491.2	541.7	544.7	+ .6	+ 3.2
Italy	307.2	261.4	286.6	321.8	298.8	367.6	426.6	+16.0	+38.9
France	306.6	284.3	313.1	339.1	295.9	300.5	314.9	+ 4.8	+ 2.7
West Germany	253.1	251.2	258.5	273.3	234.3	248.4	260.3	+ 4.8	+ 2.8
Japan	254.6	219.5	263.2	282.1	229.9	278.5	318.2	+14.3	+25.0
Belgium	96.4	91.7	100.0	103.9	83.9	102.5	108.4	+ 5.8	+12.4
Netherlands	63.5	64.0	65.6	63.2	58.5	66.2	61.8	- 6.6	- 2.7
Australia	45.0	42.1	46.3	48.6	41.4	46.5	53.6	+15.3	+19.1
Sweden	28.4	28.8	28.1	30.1	27.3	27.8	29.1	+ 4.7	+ 2.5
Total	2,499.4	2,398.8	2,546.9	2,584.9	2,320.2	2,646.7	2,736.9	+ 3.4	+ 9.5

Compiled from reports of Commonwealth Economic Committee.

Table 25.--Production of woven wool fabrics, by specified countries, average 1955-59, annual 1955-60

Country	Average 1955-59	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	Percentage change	
								1960 compared with 1959	1960 compared with av. 1955-59
	Mil. sq. yd.	Mil. sq. yd.	Mil. sq. yd.	Mil. sq. yd.	Mil. sq. yd.	Mil. sq. yd.	Mil. sq. yd.	Percent	Percent
United States	498.0	503.0	513.0	496.0	455.0	523.2	487.0	- 6.9	- 2.2
United Kingdom	412.7	438.1	429.6	422.8	377.3	395.9	394.1	- .5	- 4.5
Japan	247.7	185.6	219.8	244.5	266.7	322.0	375.5	+16.6	+51.6
France	205.1	192.7	204.8	222.3	209.7	196.0	200.3	+ 2.2	- 2.4
West Germany	184.8	174.6	189.8	200.5	168.5	190.8	202.7	+ 6.2	+ 9.7
Netherlands	62.7	62.9	65.0	61.1	58.0	66.7	62.9	- 5.7	+ .3
Australia	34.6	26.8	30.2	42.2	36.4	37.6	39.8	+ 5.9	+15.0
Italy	----	----	----	----	----	245.9	237.6	- 3.4	-----
Total (excluding Italy)	1,645.8	1,583.7	1,652.2	1,689.4	1,571.6	1,732.2	1,762.3	+ 1.7	+ 7.1
Italy (Mil. lb.)	183.3	172.7	183.7	190.9	170.0	199.1	195.6	- 1.8	+ 6.7
Belgium (Mil. lb.)	34.6	33.5	38.5	38.6	29.5	32.8	31.3	- 4.6	- 9.5

Compiled from reports of Commonwealth Economic Committee.

Table 26.--Free world exports of wool textiles, average 1955-59, annual 1955-60

Exporting country	Average 1955-59	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	Percentage change: 1960 compared with 1959	Percentage change: 1960 compared with average 1955-59
	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Percent	Percent
Wool and hair tops									
United Kingdom	85.2	76.6	81.5	83.3	88.8	96.0	91.1	- 5.1	+ 6.9
France	47.2	43.9	45.6	48.1	43.6	54.7	57.6	+ 5.3	+22.0
Uruguay	25.6	28.1	35.0	16.1	22.0	27.0	22.5	-16.7	-12.1
Australia	15.7	8.1	13.9	16.3	18.6	21.5	19.2	-10.7	+22.3
Belgium	14.1	10.8	13.5	16.0	13.2	17.2	18.5	+ 7.6	+31.2
Union of South Africa	7.0	5.8	6.3	5.6	6.6	10.6	8.9	-16.0	+27.1
Other countries	7.2	5.8	5.7	4.6	8.2	11.9	10.9	- 8.4	+51.4
Total	202.1	179.1	201.5	189.9	200.9	238.9	228.7	- 4.3	+13.2
Woolen and worsted yarn									
France	45.7	46.3	46.8	45.1	39.0	51.3	62.6	+22.0	+37.0
Belgium	30.0	27.4	30.8	31.5	24.9	35.2	39.6	+12.5	+32.0
United Kingdom	28.2	26.4	28.9	29.2	25.2	31.1	32.9	+ 5.8	+16.7
Italy	10.1	6.1	9.9	13.0	10.3	11.3	13.9	+23.0	+37.6
Japan	8.4	7.9	7.3	10.9	7.8	8.0	8.4	+ 5.0	---
Netherlands	7.8	5.4	6.7	7.2	8.4	11.3	11.2	- .9	+43.6
Other countries	15.7	17.5	19.7	13.1	12.1	15.9	14.8	- 6.9	- 5.7
Total	145.9	137.0	150.8	150.0	127.7	164.1	183.4	+11.8	+25.7
Wool fabric (excluding blankets)									
Italy	76.2	61.1	74.8	88.6	74.9	81.7	94.1	+15.2	+23.5
United Kingdom	59.9	63.9	65.6	60.7	52.3	57.1	53.7	- 6.0	-10.4
Belgium	17.4	12.3	15.9	18.3	18.2	22.3	23.8	+ 6.7	+36.8
Japan	12.1	8.9	10.9	13.9	11.3	15.7	17.3	+10.2	+43.0
France	10.3	9.4	9.8	10.5	9.6	12.1	13.1	+ 8.3	+27.2
Netherlands	10.3	9.5	9.3	9.8	10.1	12.7	12.9	+ 1.6	+25.2
West Germany	5.7	5.2	5.7	6.2	4.8	6.6	6.2	- 6.1	+ 8.8
Other countries	5.9	8.2	8.8	4.1	4.0	4.2	4.1	- 2.4	-30.5
Total	197.8	178.5	200.8	212.1	185.2	212.4	225.2	+ 6.0	+13.9

Compiled from reports of the Commonwealth Economic Committee.

Table 27 .--World trade in tops, by specified countries, by quarters, 1959-60

Country	1959				1960				Percentage change: 4th. quarter 1960 compared with 3rd. quarter 1960	Percentage change: 4th. quarter 1960 compared with 4th. quarter 1959
	1st. quarter	2nd. quarter	3rd. quarter	4th. quarter	1st. quarter	2nd. quarter	3rd. quarter	4th. quarter		
	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Percent	Percent
Exports										
United Kingdom	21.2	24.1	25.1	25.6	25.9	25.6	19.3	20.3	+ 5.2	- 20.7
France	14.0	14.2	11.5	14.9	15.2	14.2	12.8	15.4	+ 20.3	+ 3.4
Uruguay	7.0	9.1	8.0	2.8	6.1	8.0	2.8	5.6	+100.0	+100.0
Australia	4.6	5.6	6.2	5.1	5.9	5.7	3.5	4.1	+ 17.1	- 19.6
Belgium	2.7	4.1	4.5	5.9	5.6	4.1	3.4	3.6	+ 5.9	- 39.0
Union of South Africa	1.9	2.9	2.8	3.0	2.5	2.7	2.1	1.6	- 23.8	- 46.7
Japan	.7	1.4	1.2	1.3	.8	1.1	1.4	1.3	- 7.2	---
Germany (Fed. Rep.)	.6	1.2	1.3	1.2	.9	.6	.4	.6	+ 50.0	- 50.0
Argentina	.9	.4	.2	.2	.5	.5	.5	.6	+ 20.0	+200.0
Switzerland	.2	.4	.3	.3	.2	.1	.1	.3	+200.0	---
Total	53.8	63.4	61.1	60.3	63.5	62.6	46.3	56.2	+ 21.4	- 6.8
Imports										
Belgium	5.7	4.9	5.3	5.9	6.8	7.3	7.0	6.2	- 11.4	+ 5.1
Netherlands	4.6	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.8	3.8	3.2	4.9	+ 53.1	+ 4.3
India	4.0	5.2	3.3	2.8	3.6	3.9	4.2	1.2	- 71.4	- 57.2
Canada	2.3	3.6	2.8	3.1	3.1	3.0	2.5	1.0	- 60.0	- 67.8
Switzerland	2.8	3.4	2.9	3.0	2.6	3.2	2.7	2.9	+ 7.4	- 3.3
Italy	3.1	3.9	1.9	3.9	3.0	3.6	2.3	1.3	- 43.5	- 66.7
Japan	1.3	2.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.5	.7	- 53.3	- 61.1
France	.5	1.2	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.1	.8	1.4	+ 75.0	- 22.2
Germany (Fed. Rep.)	3.2	2.8	2.3	3.9	3.9	3.0	2.1	1.9	- 9.5	- 51.3
Denmark	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.0	.9	1.0	+ 11.1	- 9.1
Sweden	1.2	1.6	1.4	1.7	1.8	1.3	1.1	1.2	+ 9.1	+ 29.4
Norway	.8	.9	.8	.6	.5	1.1	.5	.5	---	- 16.7
United Kingdom	.6	.7	1.1	.6	.2	.2	.5	.5	---	- 16.7
United States	.8	1.6	1.1	.8	1.7	1.5	.8	.5	- 37.5	- 37.5
Irish Republic	.2	.3	.4	.4	.5	.7	.8	.5	- 37.5	+ 25.0
Total	32.1	39.1	32.6	36.2	37.1	36.3	30.9	36.4	+ 17.8	+ .6

Compiled from reports of the Commonwealth Economic Committee.

Table 28.--World trade in woolen and worsted yarn, by specified countries, by quarters, 1959-60

Country	1959				1960				Percentage change	
	1st. quarter	2nd. quarter	3rd. quarter	4th. quarter	1st. quarter	2nd. quarter	3rd. quarter	4th. quarter	4th. quarter 1960 compared with 3rd. quarter 1960	4th. quarter 1960 compared with 4th. quarter 1959
	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Percent	Percent
Exports										
France	9.6	12.4	12.7	16.7	15.1	15.8	14.4	17.3	+20.1	+ 3.6
Belgium	6.2	8.4	9.1	11.6	10.4	10.3	9.3	9.7	+ 4.3	-16.4
United Kingdom	6.9	7.8	7.5	8.8	8.7	8.1	7.8	8.3	+ 6.4	- 5.7
Italy	2.1	2.4	3.2	3.6	3.0	3.7	3.5	3.6	+ 2.9	---
Japan	1.9	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.7	2.4	2.0	2.4	+20.0	+20.0
Netherlands	2.2	2.5	3.9	2.8	2.5	2.1	3.1	3.4	+ 9.7	+21.4
West Germany	1.0	1.3	1.8	1.9	1.3	1.2	1.7	1.8	+ 5.9	- 5.3
Austria	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	---	-31.2
Switzerland	.9	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0	---	-28.6
Total	31.9	39.3	42.9	50.4	45.0	45.8	43.9	48.6	+10.7	- 3.6
Imports										
West Germany	10.8	14.1	17.0	21.4	18.3	17.6	16.8	18.5	+10.1	-13.6
Netherlands	5.7	6.3	5.9	7.3	5.2	5.4	4.7	6.6	+40.4	- 9.6
Belgium	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.7	2.2	1.8	1.9	2.7	+42.1	---
Sweden	1.2	1.8	1.5	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.7	- 5.6	-15.0
Switzerland	.9	1.4	1.3	2.2	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.5	+25.0	-31.8
Denmark	1.2	1.2	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.1	1.5	1.9	+26.7	+26.7
United Kingdom	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.3	1.1	1.2	1.7	+41.7	+ 6.2
Austria	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.6	- 5.9	-11.1
United States	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.3	.9	-30.8	-30.8
Norway	.6	.7	.8	.9	.7	.6	.6	.8	+33.3	-11.1
Canada	.6	.7	.6	.6	.7	.8	.6	.6	---	---
Irish Republic	.4	.5	.5	.7	.8	.7	.6	.6	---	-14.3
Total	26.4	32.1	35.2	44.0	36.4	34.9	33.9	39.1	+15.3	-11.1

Compiled from reports of the Commonwealth Economic Committee.

Table 29.--Exports of woolen and worsted fabric from chief exporting countries, by quarters, 1959-60

Country	1959				1960				Percentage change	
	1st. quarter	2nd. quarter	3rd. quarter	4th. quarter	1st. quarter	2nd. quarter	3rd. quarter	4th. quarter	4th. quarter 1960 compared with 3rd. quarter 1960	4th. quarter 1960 compared with 4th. quarter 1959
	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Percent	Percent
Italy	12.3	20.9	27.7	20.7	18.5	21.1	32.2	22.2	-31.1	+ 7.2
United Kingdom	13.8	13.9	15.0	14.5	15.4	11.7	13.6	12.9	- 5.2	-11.0
Belgium	5.2	5.0	5.3	6.8	6.2	5.5	6.0	6.0	---	-11.8
Japan	3.4	4.1	3.1	5.1	4.6	2.7	4.0	5.9	+47.5	+15.7
Netherlands	2.8	2.9	3.6	3.3	3.0	3.2	3.7	3.0	-18.9	- 9.1
France	2.2	2.3	4.0	3.6	3.0	2.7	4.3	3.1	-27.9	-13.9
West Germany	1.3	1.3	2.0	2.0	1.4	1.3	1.9	1.5	-21.1	-25.0
Switzerland	.6	.6	.8	.7	.6	.5	.7	.5	-28.6	-28.6
Austria	.2	.4	.4	.4	.3	.4	.5	.5	---	+25.0
Total	41.8	51.4	61.9	57.1	53.0	49.1	66.9	55.6	-16.9	- 2.6

Compiled from reports of the Commonwealth Economic Committee.

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The next issue of The Wool Situation is scheduled for release August 10, 1961.